

CMS FINVEST LIMITED

(Formerly known as : CMS INFOTECH LIMITED)

31ST ANNUAL REPORT

2021 - 2022

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Managing Director, Executive

SHRI SURENDRA KUMAR JAIN

Non-Executive Director

SMT. KRISHNA BANERJEE

Non-Executive-Independent Director

SHRI SANDEEP DEY

SHRI KAUSHAL KUMAR SINGH

SHRI AKSHYA KUMAR PARIDA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

SHRI GOUTAM KARMAKAR

COMPANY SECRETARY

SHRI NAWIN KUMAR LAHOTY

REGISTERED OFFICE

10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor,
Kolkata - 700 072

Phone : (033) 4002-2880

Fax: (033) 2237-9053

E-mail : cmsinvestltd@gmail.com

Website : www.cmsinfotech.co.in

CIN : L67120WB1991PLC052782

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/S. JAIN SONU & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/S. DASH & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

ANKITA GOENKA & ASSOCIATES

Practicing Company Secretaries

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

CANARA BANK

HDFC BANK

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

MAHESHWARI DATAMATICS PVT. LTD.

23, R. N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor,

Kolkata - 700 001

Phone : (033) 2243-5029, 2248-2248

Fax : (033) 2248-4787

Email : mdpldc@yahoo.com

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NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Thirty First (31st) Annual General Meeting of the Members of **CMS FINVEST LIMITED** will be held on Friday, 23rd September, 2022 at 11.30 A.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") facility to transact the following business :

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, including audited Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditor's thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Smt. Krishna Banerjee (DIN : 06997186), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

3. **To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution :**

"RESOLVED THAT authority is hereby delegated to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into transactions, including those repetitive in nature and in ordinary course of business at arm's length, with related parties following provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions, also those in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and in connection therewith, the Board may take such steps as may be necessary for and on behalf of the Company."

By Order of the Board of Directors
For **CMS Finvest Limited**

Place : Kolkata
Date : 11.08.2022

Nawin Kumar Lahoty
Company Secretary

NOTES :

1. In view of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic and pursuant to General Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021, 21/2021 and 02/2022 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 14, 2021, and May 5, 2022 respectively issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") and Circular Nos. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11, and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, and May 13, 2022, respectively issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (collectively referred to as "SEBI Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC")/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the Members. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/ OAVM which does not require physical presence of members at a common venue. The proceedings of the AGM will be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company which shall be the deemed Venue of the AGM.
2. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM/EGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. The Explanatory Statement, pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the 31st Annual General Meeting is annexed herewith.
4. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
5. In terms of the provisions of Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, Corporate Members are entitled to appoint their authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/ OAVM on their behalf and participate thereat, including cast votes by electronic means (details of which are provided separately, herein below).
6. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
7. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
8. In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, resultant difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Annual Report and in line with the said Circulars issued by the MCA and said SEBI Circular, the Annual Report including Notice of the AGM of the Company inter alia indicating the process

and manner of e-voting is being sent only by Email, to all the Shareholders whose Email IDs are registered with the Company/ Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes to the Shareholders and to all other persons so entitled.

Therefore, those Members, whose email address is not registered with the Company or with their respective Depository Participant/s, and who wish to receive the Notice of the 31st AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2021-22 and all other communication sent by the Company, from time to time, can get their email address registered.

9. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website cmsinfotech.co.in, websites of the Calcutta Stock Exchange and The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
10. Members are informed that in case of joint holders attending the meeting, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of members of the Company will be entitled to vote in the Meeting to be held through video conferencing.
11. Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, mandates that transfer, transmission and transposition of securities of listed companies held in physical form shall be effected only in demat mode. Further, SEBI, vide its circular dated January 25, 2022, has clarified that listed companies, with immediate effect, shall issue the securities only in demat mode while processing investor service requests pertaining to issuance of duplicate shares, exchange of shares, endorsement, sub-division/ consolidation of share certificates, etc. In view of this, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit duly filled Form ISR-4 for the abovementioned service requests. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialised form. Members can contact the Company or Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agents, Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited for assistance in this regard.
12. SEBI, vide the Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated November 3, 2021, has mandated furnishing of PAN, Address with pincode, email address, mobile number, bank account details, specimen signature and nomination by holders of physical securities. Folios wherein any one of the cited documents/ details are not available on or after April 01, 2023, shall be frozen by the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company.
13. Shareholders are requested to quote their Folio No. or DP ID - Client ID, as the case may be, in all correspondence with the Company or Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
14. Relevant details in respect of Directors seeking Appointment/re-appointment at the AGM, in terms of Regulations 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings are also annexed to this notice.
15. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI") and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations read with MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the Company is providing remote e-Voting facility to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM and facility for those Members participating in the AGM to cast vote through e-Voting system during the AGM. The 'Cut-off Date' for determining Shareholders entitled to facility of voting by remote e-voting at said AGM has been fixed as 16th day of September, 2022.

16. In accordance with the provisions of section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 17th day of September, 2022 to 23rd day of September, 2022 (both days inclusive).
17. a) For Members holding shares in physical form, please send scan copy of a signed request letter mentioning your folio number, complete address, email address to be registered along with scanned self-attested copy of the PAN and any document (such as Driving Licence, Passport, Bank Statement, AADHAR) supporting the registered address of the Member, by email to the Company's email address
b) For the Members holding shares in demat form, please update your email address through your respective Depository Participant/s.
18. In terms of the provisions of Section 72 of the Act and Rules made there under, the facility for making nomination is available for the Shareholders in respect of the shares held by them. Shareholders who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to submit the said details to their Depository Participant(s) and the Shareholders holding shares in physical form, are requested to submit the said details to the Company or Company's Registrar.
19. Members holding shares in multiple folios are requested to submit their application to Registrar for consolidation of folios into single folio.
20. Equity shares of the Company are under compulsory demat trading by all investors. Considering the advantage of scrip less trading, members are encouraged to consider dematerialization of their shareholding so as to avoid inconvenience in future.
21. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has undertaken a 'Green Initiative in Corporate Governance' and allowed companies to share documents with its shareholders through the electronic mode. The Shareholders who are holding shares in dematerialized form and have not yet registered their e-mail IDs with their Depository Participant are requested to register their Email ID at the earliest, to enable the Company to use the same for serving documents to them electronically, hereafter. Shareholders holding shares in physical form may kindly provide their Email ID to the Registrar & Transfer Agent of the Company. The support of the Shareholders for the 'Green initiative' is solicited.
22. Members, who would like to ask questions during the AGM with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the AGM, need to register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number/folio number and mobile number, to reach the Company's email at least 2 days in advance before the start of the AGM i.e. by 23rd September, 2022 by 11.30 a.m. IST. Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
23. Members can submit questions in advance with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the AGM, from their registered email address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number /folio number and mobile number, to reach the Company's email address at least 2 days in advance before the start of the meeting i.e. 23rd September, 2022 by 11.30 a.m. IST. Such questions of the Members shall be taken up during the meeting and replied by the Company suitably.
24. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

25. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS

In terms of the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the said Circulars, the Company is pleased to provide to the Shareholders

the facility of "e-voting", to enable them to cast their votes on the resolutions proposed to be passed at the AGM, by electronic means. The instructions for e-voting are given hereinbelow.

The Company has engaged the services of Central Securities Depository Limited ("CSDL"), who will provide the e-voting facility of casting votes to a Shareholder using remote e-voting system (e-voting from a place other than venue of the AGM) ("remote e-voting") as well as e-voting during the proceeding of the AGM ("e-voting at the AGM").

THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on 20th September, 2022 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on 22nd September, 2022 at 5.00 p.m. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 16th September, 2022 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to **all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants**. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

- (iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020** on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings **for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of Shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	<p>1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cDSLindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cDSLindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.</p> <p>2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</p> <p>3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cDSLindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</p> <p>4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cDSLindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cDSLindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</p>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	<p>1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p> <p>2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdideasDirectReg.jsp</p> <p>3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat</p>

Type of Shareholders	Login Method
	account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

(v) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com
- 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.

PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <CMS FINVEST LTD> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- (xvii) **Additional Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -For Remote Voting only.**
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
 - It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM/EGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER :

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / iPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 2 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 2 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company (cmsfinvestltd@gmail.com) /RTA (mdpldc@yahoo.com) email id.
2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
3. For Individual Demat shareholders - Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

General instructions/information for Members for voting on the Resolutions :

1. The voting period begins on 20thday of September, 2022 (9.00 AM) and ends on 22ndday of September, 2022 (5.00 PM). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e., 16th September, 2022as may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

2. Voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e., 16th September, 2022. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the Cut-off Date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only.
3. The procedure for e-voting at the AGM is same as the instruction mentioned above for remote e-voting.
4. In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
5. The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting with the assistance of scrutinizer, by use of "e-voting" for all those members who are present at the AGM but have not cast their votes by availing the e-voting facility.
6. Mr. Atul Kumar Labh (C.P. No. 3238, Membership No. FCS 4848) of M/s. A. K. Labh & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, Kolkata, has been appointed as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
7. The Scrutinizer shall, after the conclusion of e-voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast vide e-voting at the AGM and thereafter shall, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting, in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company. He shall submit a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, within 48 hours of the conclusion of the AGM, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the **result of the voting forthwith**.
8. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.cmsinfotech.co.in and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results will also be communicated to the Stock Exchanges where shares of the Company are listed.

By the order of the Board of Directors
For CMS Finvest Limited

Place : Kolkata
Date : 11.08.2022

Nawin Kumar Lahoty
Company Secretary

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3

Your Company enters into related parties transaction in the ordinary course of business and are at arms length,

proposed resolution is for your approval as a matter of abundant precaution in terms of proviso to Section 188(1)

of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules framed therefor.

Your Directors recommend passing of the proposed resolution in the interest of the Company.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives is interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in said resolution.

By the order of the Board of Directors

For CMS Finvest Limited

Nawin Kumar Lahoty

Company Secretary

Place : Kolkata
Date : 11.08.2022

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

Details Of Directors Seeking Appointment/Reappointment in the 31st Annual General Meeting.

Disclosures required under Section 196(4) of Companies Act, 2013, Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard-2 of ICSI is set out at the end of this Notice.

1.	Item No.	2
2.	Name of the Director	Smt. Krishna Banerjee
3.	Director Identification Number	06997186
4.	Date of Birth	01/01/1964
5.	Date of Appointment	24/03/2015
6.	Qualification	M.A., B. COM
7.	Experience	Smt. Krishna Banerjee has vast experience in corporate and shares related matter.
8.	Terms and Conditions of Appointment and Re-appointment	As decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board.
9.	Directorship of other public Companies (*)	Amluckie Investment Company Limited ATN International Limited Herald Commerce Limited Niharka India Limited Manglam India Limited Silicon Valley Infotech Limited
10.	Chairman/Member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2022	Nil
11.	Chairman/Member of the Committee of Directors of other public Company of which he/she is Director as on 31st March, 2022 (**)	Member in Audit Committee and Stakeholder Relationship Committee of Amluckie Investment Co. Ltd and Manglam India Limited
12.	Shareholding in Equity Shares of the Company and % of the Holding	Nil

(*) Excluding directorship held in private limited/foreign companies and Companies registered under Section 8 of Companies Act, 2013.

(**) Audit Committee & Stakeholders Relationship Committee are considered.

By the order of the Board of Directors

For CMS Finvest Limited

Nawin Kumar Lahoty

Company Secretary

Place : Kolkata

Date :11.08.2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Thirty first (31st)** Annual Report of your Company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts of **CMS Finvest Limited ("the Company")** for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Standalone financial performance of the Company for Financial year ended 31st March, 2022 are as follows :

Particulars	Financial Year	
	2020-22 (Rs.)	2020-21 (Rs.)
Revenue from Operations	10076181	4,009,090
Other Income	—	—
Total Revenue	10076181	40,09,090
Profit/Loss before Tax	1007582	28,51,171
Tax Expense	1580000	185357
Net Profit/(Loss)for the year after Tax	49,85,901	27,65,814
Other Comprehensive Income/(Expenses) for the year, Net of Tax	(375228)	2409560
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	4609672	5175374
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	0.33	0.37

TRANSFER TO GENERAL RESERVE

During the year under review, no amount was transferred to General Reserve.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors did not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

During the year under review, your Company incurred total profit of ₹ 49,85,901/- as against total Profit of ₹ 27,65,814/- in the previous financial year.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company, which have occurred since 31st March, 2022, being the end of the Financial Year of the Company to which

financial statements relate and the date of the report. financial statements relate and the date of the report.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up equity capital as on 31st March, 2022 was Rs. 1399.59 Lakhs. During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights nor has granted stock options or sweat equity.

LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES

The Equity Shares of your Company are presently listed on The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited (CSE). The reason for suspension of shares of the Company from trading in CSE has not been communicated and your directors are taking necessary steps for the same

Listing fees for the financial year 2022-2023 have been paid to Stock Exchanges. The annual custodian fees to NSDL & CDSL for the Securities of the Company held in dematerialized mode with them for the year 2022-2023

TRANSFER OF AMOUNTS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to transfer any amount to Investor Protection and Education Fund as the Company has not declared any Dividend since its incorporation and as such there is no amount of dividend which was due and payable and remained unclaimed and unpaid for a period of seven years.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the Articles of Association and provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, In accordance with the Articles of Association and provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Smt. Krishna Banerjee (DIN: 06997186) retire by rotation and being eligible offer herself for re-appointment. The Board recommends her re-appointment for the approval of the members.

The disclosures about Directors required pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations (hereinafter referred as "SEBI Listing Regulations") and Clause 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard are given in the Notice of AGM, forming part of the Annual Report. Consent for appointment, as required, from respective Directors have been received.

The Board recommends their appointment/re-appointment for the approval of the members.

All Independent Directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

CODE OF CONDUCT

Your Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Board Members and Senior Management personnel. The code of conduct has also been posted on the official website of the Company www.cmsinfotech.co.in.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT (BRR)

Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide circular CIR/ CFD/DIL/8/2012 dated August 13, 2012 has mandated the inclusion of BRR as part of the Annual Report for the top 100 listed entities based on their market capitalization on Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd as at 31st March 2012. In view of the requirements specified, the company is not mandated for the providing the BRR and hence do not form part of this Report.

port.

CORE SKILLS OF THE BOARD

The details of the Core Skills of the Board of Directors of the Company forms a part of "**Report on Corporate Governance**".

BOARD MEETINGS

The details of the number of meetings of the Board held during the financial year 2020-2021 forms a part of "**Report on Corporate Governance**".

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors has the following Committees :

1. Audit Committee.
2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The details of the Committees along with their respective composition, number of meetings and attendance at the meeting held during the financial year 2020-2022 forms a part of "**Report on Corporate Governance**".

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees of the Company. This Policy has also laid down the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of Director and Board diversity and criteria for evaluation of Board, its Committee and individual Directors. The policy is stated in the Report on Corporate Governance.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors as well as the evaluation of the working of its committee.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated. The performance evaluation of the Director and Non Independent Director was carried out by the Independent Directors at their meeting without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management. The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

None of the employees, employed during the year, was in receipt of remuneration, in aggregate of Rupees 1,02,00,000 or more per annum for the financial year 2021-2022, or Rs. 8,50,000 or more per month for any part of the Financial Year, as set out in the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Therefore, no such details have been provided as required under section197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median employee's remuneration and such other details in terms of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees

of the Company for the financial year -

Gautam Karmakar, CFO, 1:0.28

(ii) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year -

There has been no increase in the remuneration of the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary during the year.

(iii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year -

There is no percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year.

(iv) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company -

The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company is 4.

(v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration -

No average percentage increase taken place in the salaries of total employees.

(vi) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company -

Yes.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

As stipulated under the provisions contained in Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by it, hereby states that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- ii) the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year under review;
- iii) the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively, and
- vi) the directors had devised proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system were adequate and operating effectively.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system and suggests improvements to strengthen the same. In opinion of the board, the existing internal control framework is adequate and commensurate to the size and nature of the business of the Company. During the year such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in the design or operation were observed.

M/s. Dash & Associates, Chartered Accountants performs the duties of internal auditors of the company for the year ended 31st March, 2022. In order to monitor the performance on a continuous basis. Management

has a system to review Internal Audit Reports with a view to monitoring the adequacy of internal control in place.

SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURE/ASSOCIATE COMPANY

The Company does not have any Subsidiary/Joint Venture/Associate.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, our Company has not accepted any deposits from public and /or shareholders during the year under review, within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 and accordingly as of 31st March, 2022.

LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Pursuant to Section 186(11) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company being the non-banking financial Company are exempted from disclosure in the Annual Report.

EMPLOYER EMPLOYEE RELATIONSHIP

The Company has maintained a cordial relationship with its employees, which resulted in smooth flow of business operations during the year under review.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were in the ordinary course of the business and were on arm's length basis. Thus disclosure in Form AOC-2 is not required. Further there were no materially significant related party transactions entered by the company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other persons which may have potential conflict with interest of the company. The policy on Related Party transaction as approved by Board of Directors has been uploaded on the website of the Company. The web link of the same is www.cmsinfotech.co.in

Details of the transactions with Related Parties are provided in the accompanying financial statements.

POLICIES

The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandated the formulation of certain policies for all listed companies. All applicable policies are available under the head Policy on the Company's website : www.cmsinfotech.co.in The policies are reviewed periodically by the Board and updated based on need and new compliance requirement.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 regarding Corporate Social Responsibilities are not applicable to the Company.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO.

Since the Company does not own any manufacturing facility, requirement regarding the disclosure of particulars of conservation of energy and technology absorption prescribed by the rules is not applicable.

During the year under review there was no inflow/outflow of foreign exchange.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has a Risk Management Policy in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, which provides a mechanism for risk assessment and mitigation. At present the Company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a mechanism called "Whistle Blower Policy" for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns or grievances. The policy is available on the website of the Company www.cmsinfotech.co.in

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDER PASSED BY THE REGULATORS, COURTS AND TRIBUNALS

During the year, there are no significant and material order passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern of the Company and its future operation.

AUDITORS**• Statutory Auditors**

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 24th September, 2021, the Shareholders had approved the reappointment of M/s Jain Sonu & Associates., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 324386E), as the statutory auditor of the company at the 30th Annual General Meeting of the Company to hold office for a second term of three consecutive years up to the conclusion of the 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Company as per section 139 of Companies Act 2013. As per the recent amendment of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, which have been made effective from 07th May, 2018, ratification of the appointment of the auditor is no longer required. Accordingly, the Statutory Auditors of the Company continue to be appointed in this AGM.

• Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company appointed Ms. Ankita Goenka (Membership No. FCS No.:10572, C.P. No.14204), Practicing Company Secretary of M/s. Ankita Goenka & Associates, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the Financial Year 2021-2022.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2021-2022 in Form MR-3 is annexed herewith as **Annexure "I"** to this report. The report is self-explanatory and does not call for any further comments.

They have also carried out Secretarial Compliance Audit as per Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for FY 2021-2022. Both of said Report and Certificate are free of qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks.

• Internal Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 , M/s. Dash & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Kolkata was appointed as the Internal Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-2022.

AUDITORS' REPORT/SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The observation made in the Auditors' Report read together with relevant notes thereon are self explanatory and hence, do not call for any further comments under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The observation made in the Secretarial Audit Report is self explanatory and hence, do not call for any further comments.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, neither the statutory auditors nor the secretarial auditors have reported to the Audit Committee of the Board, under Section 143(12) of the Act, any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in this Report.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Board of Directors of the Company hereby confirms that your Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to the provisions of section 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, extract of annual return is annexed and is marked as **Annexure 'II'**.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORTS

In accordance with Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Management's Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, is presented in a separate section forming part of the Annual Report and marked as Annexure - "IV".

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to good corporate governance practices. The report on Corporate Governance for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, as per regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, forms part of this Annual Report. The requisite Certificate from the practicing company secretaries of the Company confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance is annexed to this Report and marked as **Annexure "III"**

POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT.

The Company has adopted policy on Prevention of Women at workplace in accordance with the Sexual Harassment of Women (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. During the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022 the company has not received any complaints pertaining to Sexual Harassment.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors acknowledge the support and owe a debt of gratitude to the Financial Institutions, Banks, Central and State Government authorities, Regulatory authorities, Stock Exchanges and all the various stakeholders for their continued co-operation and support to the Company.

Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation to all of the Company's employees and workers at all level for their enormous efforts as well as their collective contribution to the Company's performance.

Registered Office :

10, Princep Street,
2nd Floor
Kolkata - 700 072
Dated : 11.08.2022

On behalf of the Board of Directors

For CMS Finvest Limited

Surendra Kumar Jain
Managing Director
DIN : 00166852

Sandeep Dey
Director
DIN : 00177159

Annexure 'I' to the Directors' Report

FORM NO. MR - 3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,**The Members of,****M/s. CMS Finvest Limited**

10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor,

Kolkata - 700072

CIN : L15491WB1876PLC000341

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliances of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. CMS Finvest Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, the information to the extent provided by the company ,its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and The Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic .we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022, according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv)) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Overseas Direct Investment (ODI) and External Commercial Borrowings (ECB);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; **(Not applicable as the Company has not offered any securities during the financial year under review).**

- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999; **(Not applicable as the Company has not offered any shares or granted any options pursuant to any employee benefits scheme during the financial year under review).**
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(Not applicable as the Company has not issued and listed any debt securities during the financial year under review).**
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable, since the company has **not applied for delisting of its shares from any stock exchange during the financial year under review**) ; and
- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; **(Not applicable as the Company has not bought back any equity shares during the financial year under review).**

(vi) The regulation made by the Reserve Bank of India (under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934) with regard to Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC").

(vii) Other laws applicable to the Company as per the representations made by the Management.

The compliance by the company applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws has not been reviewed in this audit since the same have been subject to reviewed by the statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

We have also examined compliance with the

1. SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
2. The Secretarial Standard I and II issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) were applicable to the Company for the period under review and for a good practice company is require to follow it diligently.

With regard to conduct of Audit Committee meeting beyond the prescribed gap of 120 days, it was explained that, as the working of the Company was severely affected due to long Covid-19 Pandemic lockdown, the meeting could be conducted with a marginal delay keeping in view the extension granted by MCA vide its circular date 3rd May, 2021, for holding such meetings from 120 days to 180 days. The matter was suitably explained.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, guidelines, standards etc. mentioned above except that

1. Website of the Company need to be updated.
2. Regulation 7 (3) SEBI LODR - Compliance Certificate, The Company has filed the same, however (only covering letter)it was not signed by Company Secretary.
3. Pursuant to Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, The website mentioned in the newspaper publication as "www.cmsco.inand"instead of www.cms.co.in.

4. The Company had received a compulsory delisting order dated 15/11/2018 of equity shares at a fair value of Rs 10.66 from BSE Limited. The Company has made a reply to BSE regarding the same and seeking proper justification of fair value of equity shares. The Company was compulsorily delisted from BSE however it continued to submit required documents as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015 through email.
5. There was an increase in the number of Shareholders in the year 2022 in comparison with 2021 (from 3706 to 3707).

We further report that,

- Subject to our observation at (i) above the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- Subject to our observation at (i) above the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent adequately in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- Subject to our observation at (i) above the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. Majority decision is carried through while the members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes as per the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Management and relied upon by us there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the period the Company has events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

1. The Company has reappointed M/S Jain Sonu&Associates ,Chartered Accountants (Firm Reg No. 324386E) for second term of three consecutive years i.e from 01/04/2021 to 31/03/2024.
2. AOC-4 (NBFC) SRN- T55845145 filed with additional fee of Rs. 200/-.

For **Ankita Goenka & Associates**
(Practicing Company Secretaries)

Ankita Goenka

Proprietor

FCS No. : 10572

C.P No : 14204

UDIN:F010572D000708071

PEER REVIEW:Certificate no. 2133/2022 dated 20th May, 2022

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and form integral part of this report.

Annexure - A

To,
The Members of,
M/s. CMS Finvest Limited
10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor,
Kolkata - 700072
CIN : L15491WB1876PLC000341

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.
7. Due to COVID 19 pandemic impact all the compliance documents were obtained through electronic mode and certified with requirements.

For **Ankita Goenka & Associates**
(*Practicing Company Secretaries*)

Ankita Goenka

Proprietor

FCS No. : 10572

C.P No : 14204

UDIN:F010572D000708071

PEER REVIEW:Certificate no. 2133/2022 dated 20th May, 2022

Place : Kolkata

Date : 01st August, 2022

Annexure 'II' to the Directors' Report

FORM NO. MGT 9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS :

i)	CIN	L67120WB1991PLC052782
ii)	Registration Date	21/08/1991
iii)	Name of the Company	CMS Finvest Limited
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares
v)	Address of the Registered office and contact details	10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor Kolkata - 700 072 Phone : 033-4002 2880 Email ID : info@cmsinfotech.com cmsfinvestltd@gmail.com
vi)	Whether listed company	Yes
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent	Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. 23, R. N. Mukherjee Road 5th Floor, Kolkata - 700001 Phone : 033-2243-5029, 2248-2248 Fax : 033-2248-4787 Email ID : mdpldc@yahoo.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated :

Sl. No.	Name & Description of main products/services	NIC Code of the Product / service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Sale of Shares	64990	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sl. No.	Name & Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of Shares Held	Applicable Section
1.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Break up as percentage of Total Equity)**(i) Category-wise Share Holding**

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2021)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (As on 31.03.2022)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
b) Central Govt.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c) State Govt (s)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
d) Bodies Corporate	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	0.0000
e) Banks/Fl	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
f) Any Other	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sub-total (A) (1)	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	0.0000
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs - Individuals	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
b) Other - Individuals	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c) Bodies Corporate	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
d) Banks / Fl	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
e) Any Other	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sub-total (A) (2)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	1000	22300	23300	0.1665	0.0000
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
b) Banks/Fl	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c) Central Govt.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
d) State Govt(s)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
e) Venture Capital Funds	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
f) Insurance Companies	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
g) Fls	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
i) Others (specify)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Sub-total (B)(1)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporate									
i) Indian	11636139	639100	12275239	87.7060	11636339	639100	12275439	87.7074	0.0014
ii) Overseas	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	671345	1010716	1682061	12.0182	653545	1010716	1664261	11.8911	-0.1271
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	0	12000	12000	0.0857	0	12000	12000	0.0857	0.0000

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2020)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (As on 31.03.2021)				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
c) Others Specify - Clearing Member - NRI - Trusts	100 2500 700	0 0 0	100 2500 700	0.0007 0.0179 0.0050	100 3700 700	0 0 0	100 3700 700	0.0007 0.0264 0.0050	0.0000 0.0085 0.0000
Sub-total (B)(2)	12310784	1661816	13972600	99.8335	12310784	1661816	13972600	99.8335	0.0000
Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B)(1) + (B)(2)	12310784	1661816	13972600	99.8335	12310784	1661816	13972600	99.8335	0.0000
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Grand Total (A+B+C)	12311784	1684116	13995900	100.0000	12311784	1684116	13995900	100.0000	0.0000

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters :

Sl. No.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2021)			Shareholding at the end of the year (As on 31.03.2022)			% change in share holding during the year
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged/encumbered to total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged/encumbered to total shares	
1.	ATN International Ltd.	23300	0.1665	0.0000	23300	0.1665	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	23300	0.1665	0.0000	23300	0.1665	0.0000	0.0000

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change) :

Sl. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2021)		Cumulative Shareholding during the year (As on 31.03.2022)	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Date wise Increase/ Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity etc)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	At the End of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs) :

Sl. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2021)		Transactions during the year		Shareholding at the end of the year (As on 31.03.2022)	
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	Purchase	Sale	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd.	3679800	26.2920	-	-	3679800	26.2920
2	Bahubali Properties Limited	2551829	18.2327	-	-	2551829	18.2327
3	Ricon Infrastructures Limited	1815470	12.9714	-	-	1815470	12.9714
4	Saltlake Energy Limited	1001400	7.1550	-	-	1001400	7.1550
5	Hanurang Projects Private Limited	740621	5.2917	-	-	740621	5.2917
6	Amluckie Investment Company Limited	482302	3.4460	-	-	482302	3.4460
7	Bullpower Vyapar Limited	269756	1.9274	-	-	269756	1.9274
8	Arihant Limited	244000	1.7434	-	-	244000	1.7434
9	Raunak Infrastructures Limited	226600	1.6190	-	-	226600	1.6190
10	Herald Commerce Limited	188795	1.3489	-	-	188795	1.3489

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel :

Sl. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	At the End of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Note : No Director and KMP are holding any shares in the Company.

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment :

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
ii) Interest due but not paid	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
iii) Interest accrued but not due	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Total (i+ii+iii)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
• Addition	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
• Reduction	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Net Change	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
ii) Interest due but not paid	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
iii) Interest accrued but not due	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Total (i+ii+iii)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager :**

SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Managing Director/WTD/Manager	Total Amount (Rs.)
		Surendra Kumar Jain - Managing Director	
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	NIL NIL NIL	NIL NIL NIL
2.	Stock Option	NIL	NIL
3.	Sweat Equity	NIL	NIL
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...	NIL NIL	NIL NIL
5.	Others, please specify	NIL	NIL
	Total (A)	NIL	NIL
	Ceiling as per the Act		N.A.

B. Remuneration to other Directors :

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors				Total Amount (Rs.)
		Sandeep Dey	Akshay Kumar Parida	Kaushal Kumar Singh	Krishna Banerjee	
		Independent Director			Non-Executive Director	
1. Independent Directors						
	• Fee for attending board committee meetings	NIL	NIL	NIL	—	NIL
	• Commission	NIL	NIL	NIL	—	NIL
	• Others, please specify	NIL	NIL	NIL	—	NIL
	Total (1)	NIL	NIL	NIL	—	NIL
2. Other Non-Executive Directors						
	• Fee for attending board committee meetings	—	—	—	NIL	NIL
	• Commission	—	—	—	NIL	NIL
	• Others, please specify	—	—	—	NIL	NIL
	Total (2)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total (B) = (1 + 2)					NIL
	Total Managerial Remuneration					NIL
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act					N.A.

C. Remuneration of Key managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD :

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		Total Amount (Rs.)
		Nawin Kumar Lahoty - Company Secretary	Goutam Karmakar - CFO	
1	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	36,000.00 — —	90,000.00 — —	1,26,000.00 — —
2	Stock option	—	—	—
3	Sweat Equity	—	—	—
4	Commission - as % of profit - others (specify)	— —	— —	— —
5	Others, please specify	—	—	—
	Total	36,000.00	90,000.00	1,26,000.00

VII. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES :

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority (RD/ NCLT/ Court)	Appeal made if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					
Punishment					N I L
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment					N I L
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFICER IN DEFAULT					
Penalty					
Punishment					N I L
Compounding					

Annexure 'III' to Directors' Report
REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE.

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance continues to apply best management practices, compliance of law in true letter and spirit, adherence to ethical standards for effective management and distribution of wealth and discharge of social responsibility for sustainable development of all stakeholders. Your Company makes best endeavor to implement the core values of transparency, accountability, independence, responsibility and fairness. in all facets of its operations. The Company continues to follow procedures and practices in conformity with the Code of Corporate Governance enshrined in the Listing Regulations.

The Report on Compliance of conditions of the Corporate Governance in accordance with Para C of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI LODR, 2015) amended to date read with relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) & Rule s framed thereunder, is given below.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

As on 31st March, 2022, the strength of Board was 5 (Five) Directors. The Board comprises of Executive and Non-Executive Directors. The Managing Director is an Executive Director. There are 4 (Four) Non-Executive Directors, of which 3 (three) Directors are Independent Directors. The Board also consists of 1 (One) Woman Director.

a) The composition of the Board and Category of Directors as on 31st March, 2022 is as follows:

Name of the Director, Category of Directorship and the number of Directorship and Committee positions held by them in other Companies including this Company as on 31st March, 2022 have been as follows :

Name of the Director	Category of Directorship	*Number of Directorship(s) held in Indian public listed companies (including CMS Finvest Limited)	Committee Position (including CMS Finvest Limited)	
			Committee Memberships #	Committee Chairmanships #
Shri Surendra Kumar Jain	Chairman & Managing Director, Executive	2	0	0
Shri Sandeep Dey	Non-Executive/Independent Director	1	2	0
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	Non-Executive/Independent Director	1	0	2
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	Non-Executive/Independent Director	1	2	0
Smt. Krishna Banerjee	Non-Executive Director	7	4	0

* Directorship includes only Public Companies.

Committees includes Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee across all companies.

c) Details of the Directors Seeking appointment / re- appointment at the Annual General Meeting, pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 have been given along with the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

d) None of the Directors are related to each other.

e) e) Shareholdings of directors as on 31.03.2022 are as under:

None of the Directors are holding any shares in the Company.

f) Details of Board Meetings held during the Financial Year :

The Meetings of the Board of Directors are normally held at the Company's Registered Office at Kolkata. During the financial year 2021-2022, 4 (Four) meetings of the Board were held.

The dates on which the said meetings were held are as follows :

Board Meeting dates	No. of Directors present
29.06.2021	5
11.08.2021	5
10.11.2021	5
10.02.2022	5

The gap between two meetings did not exceed four months (120 days) as per Section 173(1) of the Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. However, Gap between two consecutive meetings is more than 120 days for quarter ended 30-June-2021. With regard to conduct of meeting beyond the prescribed gap of 120 days, as the working of the Company was severely affected due to long Covid-19 Pandemic lockdown, The meeting could be conducted with a marginal delay keeping in view the extension granted by MCA vide its circular date 3rd May, 2021, for holding such meetings from 120 days to 180 days.

g) Attendance of the Directors at Board Meetings during the financial year 2021-2022 and at Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 24th day of September, 2021 has been as follows :

Name of the Director	No. of Board Meetings		Attendance at last AGM - held on 24 th Septemer, 2021
	Held	Attended	
Shri Surendra Kumar Jain	4	4	Yes
Shri Sandeep Dey	4	4	Yes
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	4	4	Yes
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	4	4	Yes
Smt Krishna Banerjee	4	4	No

h) Board Independence

The appointment of Independent Directors is carried out in a structured manner in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. Confirmation as regards independence of Independent Directors have been duly obtained from them and taken on record in terms of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 10th February, 2022 to discuss interalia:

1. The performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of Executive and Non-executive Directors;
2. The performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
3. The quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

I) Directors' membership in board/committees of other companies:

As per the Listing Regulations, no director can be a Member in more than 10 (ten) committees or act as chairman of more than 5 (five) committees across all companies in which he is a Director.

In terms of the Listing Regulations, none of the directors of your Company were Members in more than 10 (ten) committees nor acted as chairman of more than 5 (five) committees across all companies in which they were Directors. Details of other directorships/committee membership/chairmanship held by them are given in Point No. 2(a) above.

j) Board Familiarization for existing Independent and Non Independent Directors :

The Company familiarizes its Independent and Non-Independent Directors with their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company, etc., through programme in compliance of Listing Regulations.

The Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors is disclosed on the Company's website at the following web link: www.cmsinfotech.co.in

k) List of Core Skills/Expertise/Competencies of Directors

A chart/ matrix setting out the list of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors in the areas of marketing, Commercial, finance and accounts, HR/administration, communication for smooth operation of the company.

Details of the skills/ expertise/ competencies possessed by the Directors who were part of the Board as on 31st March, 2022, are as follows :

Name of Directors	Skills/ Expertise/ Competencies
Shri Surendra Kumar Jain	Expertise in professional areas such as Accounting, Finance, Human Resources and etc.
Shri Sandeep Dey	Expertise in Accounting and Finance.
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	Expertise in Marketing and administration.
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	Expertise in Public Relation.
Smt.Krishna Banerjee	Expertise in corporate and shares related matter.

l) Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

The Company has laid down a Code of Conduct (COC) which is applicable to all the Board members and Senior Management of the Company. The COC is available on the website of the Company www.cmsinfotech.co.in. The Code has been circulated to all members of the Board and Senior Management and they have affirmed compliance with the Code. A declaration signed by the Managing Director to this effect is attached to this Report.

m) Certification

The certificate required under Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations duly signed by the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer was placed before the Board and the same is provided in this report.

3. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has constituted Committee(s) of directors, with adequate delegation of powers. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Committees.

Presently, there are three Committees :

- Audit Committee
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Terms of reference of the Board Committees are determined by the Board from time to time. Minutes of Board Committee Meetings are placed in subsequent Board Meetings for the information of the Board. Role & composition of these Committees and dates on which meeting thereof were held, attendance of Committee Members thereat, their role and responsibility etc are given below.

3.1. AUDIT COMMITTEE

a) Brief description of the role and terms of reference :

The role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are set out in Regulation 18(3) read with Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors of the Company. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee broadly are:

- Approval of annual internal audit plan;
- Review and approval of related party transactions (including Omnibus approval, if any);
- Review of financial reporting systems;
- Ensuring compliance with regulatory guidelines;
- Reviewing the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial results;
- "Discussing the annual financial statements and auditor's report before submission to the Board with particular reference to the (i) Director's Responsibility Statement; (ii) changes, if any, in accounting policies (iii) major accounting entries; (iv) significant adjustments in financial statements arising out of audit findings; (v) compliance with listing requirements; (vi) disclosure of related party transactions, if any; (vii) modified opinion, if any, in audit report etc.;
- Interaction with statutory, internal and cost auditors;
- Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors; and
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process etc.

Further the Audit Committee also mandatorily reviews the following information :

- Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- Statement of significant related party transactions submitted by management;
- Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the internal auditor shall be subject to;
- review by the audit committee; and
- Statement of deviations: (a) Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations; (b) Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/ notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of SEBI Listing Regulations.

b) The composition, Category and attendance of Meetings of the Audit Committee as on 31st March, 2022:

As on 31st March, 2022, the Audit Committee of the Company comprises of 3(Three) Non-Executive/Independent Directors. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee is a Non-Executive/Independent Director. All the Members of the Committee have good knowledge of finance, accounts and company law within the meaning of Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

Name of Director	Position	Category	Attendance at the Audit Committee meeting held on			
			29.06.2021	11.08.2021	10.11.2021	10.02.2022
Shri Sandeep Dey	Member	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	Chairperson	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	Member	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

During the FY 2021-2022, the Audit Committee met 4(four)times.

3.2.NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (NRC)

a) Brief description of the role and terms of reference :

The composition of the Committee is in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 read with Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The role of Committee inter-alia includes::

- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees Details of Remuneration Policy is provided in Para 4 (iv) and has also been uploaded on the website of the Company;
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors;
- Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal;
- To consider and evaluate whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors.

b) The composition, Category and attendance of Meetings of the Nomination And Remuneration Committee(NRC) as on 31st March, 2022:

As on 31st March, 2022, the NRC of the Company comprises 3 (Three) Non-Executive/Independent Directors. The Chairperson of the NRC is a Non-Executive/Independent Director. All the Members of the Committee have good knowledge of finance, accounts and company law within the meaning of Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

Name of Director	Position	Category	Attendance at the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting held on	
			11.08.2021	10.02.2022
Shri Sandeep Dey	Member	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	Chairperson	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	Member	Non-Executive /Independent	Yes	Yes

During the FY 2021--2022, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee met 2 (Two) times.

c) The details of remuneration/sitting fee paid to Directors :

No remuneration/sitting fee has been paid to any Director during the year.

d) Criteria for selection and appointment of Directors and Remuneration Policy :**Preamble**

- The remuneration policy provides a framework for remuneration paid to the members of the Board of Directors (Board) and for Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and other employees. The expression KMP shall have the same meaning as defined under Companies Act, 2013. This policy also provides a framework for identification of persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed as senior management for recommendation of their appointment to the Board.
- This policy has been framed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors and based on its recommendation, approved by the board of directors of the Company.
- The policy may be reviewed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors.

Criteria for determining qualification

The Board may expects qualified directors to have ample experience and the highest level of personal and professional ethics, integrity and values. The Board shall also consider whether each director possesses the following :

- The highest level of personal and professional ethics, reputation, integrity and values;
- A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.
- The ability to exercise objectivity and independence in making informed business decisions;
- The willingness and commitment to devote extensive time necessary to fulfill his/her duties;
- The ability to communicate effectively and collaborate with other board members to contribute effectively to the diversity of perspectives that enhances Board and Committee deliberations, including a willingness to listen and respect the views of others;
- The skills, knowledge and expertise relevant to the Company's business.

Independence Review Criteria

Determination of director independence will be made by the Board for each director on an annual basis upon the recommendation of the Committee. Independent directors have three key roles, namely, governance, control and guidance. Some of the performance indicators, based on which the independent directors shall be evaluated are :-

- Independence from management.
- Independence from Promoter Group.
- No substantial shareholding.
- Ability to contribute to and monitor our corporate governance practices.
- Ability to contribute by introducing international best practices to address top management issues.
- Active participation in long term strategic planning.
- Commitment to the fulfillment of a director obligations and fiduciary responsibilities - this include participation and attendance.
- Other significant relationship which may cause a conflict of interest.

Principles of Remuneration

Company considers that the remuneration system is a key element in creating value. It thus has an advanced

remuneration scheme based on the reciprocity of value for employees and for the Company in line with the interests of shareholders. The Company's remuneration system is informed by the following principles :

- Long-term value creation.
- Remunerate achievement of results on the basis of prudent, responsible risk bearing.
- Attract and retain the best professionals.
- Reward the level of responsibility and professional path.
- Ensure equity in the Company and competitiveness outside it.
- Ensure transparency in its remuneration policy.

Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors

Non Executive directors may be paid remuneration by way of sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board and other meetings and such other payments as may be approved by the Board of Directors within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended from time and again.

Remuneration to Executive Directors

At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the Managing Director shall be paid such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company and the Managing Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting.

Remuneration to other Key Managerial Personnel excluding Executive Director & other employees

Other Key Managerial Personnel excluding Executive Director and other employees shall be paid such remuneration as per term and condition of appointment letter/contract within the range approved by and ratified by the Remuneration Committee. Annual increments effective 1st April each year, as recommended by the Remuneration Committee, shall be approved by the Board.

Evaluation of Individual Directors & Board

The Independent Directors shall have a separate meeting during the year without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of management. All Independent Directors shall strive to be present at the meeting. The meeting shall review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole. The meeting shall also review the performance of the Chairman, if any of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive Directors and the Non-Executive Directors.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors shall be done by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors and the Board as a whole shall be in context of the Company's performance and governance perspective.

Criteria for Performance Evaluation are as under :

For Board -

- Degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities
- Composition
- Committees of Board
- Board & Committee Meetings
- Team work

- understanding the role
- effectiveness and quality of decision making

For Directors -

- attendance at the meeting
- participation and contribution
- responsibility towards Stakeholders
- compliance and governance
- maintaining confidentiality

In addition to the above Managing Director also being evaluated on -

- leadership
- relationships
- communication
- conduct of meeting
- utilization of resources

Committee -

- degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities
- adequacy of Committee composition
- relationship
- communication
- understanding of regulatory environment
- interaction with the Board

Amendments To This Policy

This Policy may be amended or substituted by Nomination & Remuneration Committee or by the Board as and when required and also by the Compliance Officer where there is any statutory changes necessitating the change in the policy.

3.3. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE (SRC)

a) Brief description of the role and terms of reference :

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee cover the matters specified under Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The board of Directors of the Company has delegated the authority to approve transfer of shares to Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company. The Committee also monitors the implementation and compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for prohibition of Insider Trading. The committee deals with the various matters relating to :

- Redressal of Shareholders'/Investors' complaints;
- Non-receipt of declared dividends, annual reports of the Company; and
- Recording of Share Transfer(s)/ Transmission(s) and Issue of Duplicate Share(s).
- Carrying out any other function as prescribed under in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

- To review the measure taken for effective exercise of Voting Rights of Shareholders
- To review the measure taken to reduce the quantum of unclaimed Dividend, if any,

The Company has adopted the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading, under the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2009. The Code lays down guidelines for procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made while dealing with the shares of the Company by the directors and designated employees Shri Nawin Kumar Lahoty, Company Secretary has been appointed as the Compliance Officer for the implementation of and overseeing compliance with the Regulations and the Code across the Company.

The Company has also adopted the Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices for ensuring timely and adequate disclosure of Price Sensitive Information, as required under the Regulations.

b) The composition, Category and attendance of Meetings of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee (SRC) as on 31st March, 2022:

As on 31st March, 2022, the SRC of the Company 3 (Three)Non-Executive/ Independent Director. The Chairperson of the SRC is a Non-Executive/ Independent Director. All the Members of the Committee have good knowledge of finance, accounts and company law within the meaning Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

Name of Director	Position	Category	Attendance at the Stakeholders Relationship Committee meeting held on	
			11.08.2021	10.02.2022
Shri Sandeep Dey	Member	Non-Executive/ Independent	Yes	Yes
Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	Chairperson	Non-Executive/ Independent	Yes	Yes
Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	Member	Non-Executive/ Independent	Yes	Yes

During the FY 2021-2022, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee met 2 (Two) times.

c) Name and designation of compliance officer :

As per the requirements of the Listing Regulations, Shri Nawin Kumar Lahoty, Company Secretary, Company Secretary acts as the Compliance Officer.

d) Status of complaints received from Shareholders/Investors is as follows :

Number of complaints pending as on 1st April, 2021	Nil
Number of complaints received during the year	Nil
Number of complaints resolved during the year	Nil
Number of complaints pending as on 31st March, 2022	Nil

There have been no material grievances raised and all items referred have been dealt with.

As on 31st March, 2022, there were no pending complaints.

4. DETAILS OF GENERAL MEETING :

a) Annual General Meeting :

Location and Time of last three Annual General Meeting (AGM) :

AGM	FY	Date	Time	Place
30th	2020-2021	Friday, 24th September, 2021	11.00A.M	10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata – 700072. (Through Video-Conferencing)
29th	2019-2020	Tuesday, 22nd December, 2020	11.00 AM	"Somani Conference Hall" Merchants' Chamber of Commerce, 15B, Hemanta Basu Sarani, Kolkata - 700 001
28th	2018-2019	Friday, 27th September, 2019	11.30 AM	

b) Special Resolution passed in the previous 3 AGMs :

AGM	Special Items, if any
30th	NIL
29th	NIL
28th	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Re-Appointment of Shri Sandeep Dey (DIN : 00177159), as an Independent Director for a further term of 5 (five) years. b) Re-Appointment of Shri Akshya Kumar Parida (DIN : 01651737) as an Independent Director for a further term of 5 (five) years.

b) Extraordinary / other General Meeting: No extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders was held during the year.

c) Postal Ballot : No special resolution was passed through postal ballot during the financial year 2021-2022.

d) Pledge of Shares : No Pledge has been created over the Equity Shares held by the Promoters and/or Promoters Group Shareholders during the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022.

e) Review of legal compliance reports

During the year, the Board periodically reviewed reports placed by the management with respect to compliance of various laws applicable to the Company. The Internal Auditors also review the compliance status and report to the Audit Committee.

5. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION :

(i) Financial Results :

The Quarterly and Annual Results of the Company are communicated immediately to the stock exchanges upon conclusion of the Board Meeting convened to consider the same.

(ii) Newspapers wherein Financial Results are normally published :

The Financial Results of the Company are published in "Business Standard" and in "Su-Khabar".

(iii) Website of the Company, where displayed :

The Results are displayed on the Company's web-site at www.cmsinfotech.co.in

Up-to-date financial results, annual reports, shareholding patterns and other general information about the Company are available on the Company's website in a user-friendly and downloadable form.

(iv) Official news releases and presentation to institutional investors/analysts :

During the year under review there were no such news releases and no presentation was made to institutional investor or to the analysts.

(v) SEBI Online Complaints Redress System (SCORES) :

The Company has registered itself on SCORES and endeavors to resolve all investor complaints received through SCORES or otherwise within stipulated time period.

6. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION**(i) Date, Time, Venue of AGM :**

Date, Time and Venue of the AGM	The ensuing AGM of the Company will be held on Friday, 23rd September, 2022 at 11.30 A.M. through video conferencing or other audio visual means
Financial Calendar 2021-2022 (tentative and subject to change)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial Year – April to March • First Quarter Results - by second week of August, 2022 • Second Quarter Results - by second week of November, 2022 • Third Quarter Results - by second week of February, 2023 • Audited Results for the year ending 31st March 2023 - by last week of May, 2023
Book Closure Period	Saturday, 17th September, 2022 to Friday, 23rd September, 2022 (both days inclusive).
Dividend Payment Date	No dividend has been recommended by the Board for the year under review.

(ii) Listing on Stock Exchanges :

Your Company's shares are listed on the following stock exchanges as on 31st March, 2022 :

Name of the Stock Exchanges	Address	Stock Code
The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited	7, Lyons Range, Kolkata 700 001	19100

(iii) International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) :

The ISIN No. for the Equity Shares of the Company is INE915A01011

(iv) Address for correspondence :

Investors' correspondence may be addressed to :

Registered Office : The Compliance Officer CMS Finvest Limited 10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata - 700 072. Phone : (033) 4002 2880 Email : cmsfinvestltd@gmail.com Website : www.cmsinfotech.co.in	Share Registrar and Transfer Agent : MaheshwariDatamatics Private Limited 23, R. N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor,Kolkata - 700 001. Tel No : (033) 2243-5029, 2248-2248 Fax No : (033) 2248-4787 E-mail : mdpldc@yahoo.com
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E-mail ID of the grievance redressal division / compliance officer exclusively for the purpose of registering complaints by investors : info@cmsinfotech.com/cmsfinvestltd@gmail.com

(v) Market Price Data :

There has been no trading in any of the listed Stock Exchanges during the financial year 2021-2022.

(vi) Registrar and Transfer Agents :

The Board has delegated the work of processing of share transfers to MaheshwariDatamatics Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agents. Their complete address is as follows :

MaheshwariDatamatics Private Limited

23, R. N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor, Kolkata - 700 001.

Tel No. : (033) 2243-5029, 2248-2248

Fax No. : (033) 2248-4787

Email : mdpldc@yahoo.com

(vii) Share Transfer System :

The transfer of shares in physical form is processed and completed by MaheshwariDatamatics Private Limited within the statutory time period. In case where shares are held in electronic form, the transfers are processed by NSDL/CDSL through the Depository Participants and Registrars.

Pursuant to Regulation 40(9) of the SEBI Listing Regulation, certificate has been issued by a Company Secretary-in-Practice for due compliance of share transfer formalities by the Company.

(viii) Investor Grievance Redressal System.

The investor grievances against the company are handled by the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents (RTA), in consultation with the Secretarial Department of the Company. The Registrars have adequate skilled staff with professional qualifications and advance computer systems for speedy redressal of investor's grievances. The total process of settlement of a complaint right from its receipt to disposal is fully computerized to ensure timely settlement. It normally takes 15 days from the date of receipt of complaint for disposal of investor grievances.

ix) Distribution Schedule as on 31st March, 2022

The distribution of shareholding as on 31st March, 2022, pursuant to Regulation 31(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is as under :

A. Shareholding Pattern of Equity Shares as on 31st March, 2022:

	Categories	No. of Shares held	% of Shareholding
A	PROMOTERS AND PROMOTERS GROUP		
1.	Indian Bodies Corporate Sub-total (A1)	23300 23300	0.1665 0.1665
2.	Foreign	NIL	NIL
	Sub-total (A2)	NIL	NIL
	Total Shareholding of Promoter & Promoter Group A= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	23300	0.1665
B	PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING		
1.	Institutions	NIL	NIL
	Sub-total (B1)	NIL	NIL
2.	Non-Institutions a) Individuals b) Bodies Corporate c) Any Other - Clearing Member - Non Resident Individual - Trusts - Resident Individual (HUF)	1676261 12275439 100 3700 700 16400	11.9768 87.7074 0.0007 0.0264 0 . 0 0 5 0 0.1172
	Sub-total (B2)	13972600	99.8335
	Total Public Shareholding B=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	13972600	99.8335
	GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)	13995900	100.0000

Note :Total Foreign Shareholding is 3700 (0.0264%)

B. Distribution of Equity Shareholding as on 31st March, 2022:

No. of Equity Shares	No. of Shareholders Holding shares in	% of Total Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Total Share Holdings
1 to 500	2860	77.7385	788524	5.6340
501 to 1000	602	16.3631	549386	3.9253
1001 to 2000	129	3.5064	190107	1.3583
2001 to 3000	41	1.1144	102920	0.7354
3001 to 4000	8	0.2175	28400	0.2029
4001 to 5000	4	0.1087	18400	0.1315
5001 to 10000	7	0.1903	49390	0.3529
Above 10000	28	0.7611	12268773	87.6598
Total	3679	100.0000	13995900	100.0000

(x) Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity :

As on 31st March, 2022, 87.97% of the total equity capital was held in dematerialized form with National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited.

(xi) Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible instruments :

As of 31st March, 2022, there are no outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or convertible instruments which are likely to have an impact on the Equity Shares.

(xii) Corporate Identification Number (CIN) :

The Company is registered with the Registrar of Companies, Kolkata, West Bengal. The Corporate Identity Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is L67120WB1991PLC052782

(xiii) Plant Locations :

The Company does not have any plant.

(xiv) Green Initiative In Corporate Governance :

One of the most important components of Corporate Governance is to communicate with the shareholders through effective means. Being a responsible corporate citizen, the Company supports the 'Green Initiative' undertaken by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.

7. DISCLOSURES**(i) Related Party transactions :**

During the financial year 2021-2022, the Company had not entered into any materially significant transaction with any related party that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. The Directors and KMPs have no direct, indirect or on behalf of third party, material interest in any transaction or matter directly affecting the company. The Omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is taken for all proposed Related Party Transactions. However, attention of the members is drawn to the disclosure of transactions with the related parties and transactions as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 on Related Party Disclosures issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, set out in Notes to financial statement, forming part of the Annual Report.

The Policy on related Party transactions has been uploaded on Company's website : www.cmsinfotech.co.in

(ii) Accounting treatment :

In view of the management, all applicable accounting standards are being followed for preparation of financial statements.

(iii) Credit Rating :

The Company has not issued any debt instruments which necessitates any credit rating.

(iv) Confirmation by the Board of Directors' Acceptance of Recommendation of Mandatory/Non-Mandatory Committees :

The Board of Directors have confirmed that during the year, it has accepted the recommendations received from its mandatory/non-mandatory committees. None of the recommendations made by any of the Committees has been rejected by the Board.

(v) Details of non-compliance by the company :

The company has complied with the requirements of the stock exchanges, SEBI and other authorities on all matters relating to capital market during last three years. No penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other authorities relating to the above.

(vi) Whistle Blower Policy :

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy, to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors and Employees to report their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or ethics policy. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. It is affirmed that no personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

(vii) Details of compliance with the mandatory requirements :

Your Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations. The details of these compliances have been given in the relevant sections of this Report.

(viii) Resume and other information of the Directors proposed to be re-appointed at ensuing AGM:

Resume and other information of the Directors proposed to be re-appointed at ensuing AGM of the Company are given in the Notice relating there to the Shareholders as required under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI LODR, 2015.

(ix) Material Subsidiaries :

During the year ended 31st March, 2022, the Company does not have any material listed/unlisted subsidiary companies as defined in Listing Regulations, therefore the Company has not formed as of now any such policy on Material Subsidiaries.

(x) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities :

The Company did not engage in the commodity hedging activities during the year under review.

(xi) Non-compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report :

There has been no such non compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report.

(xii) Discretionary Requirements :

Disclosure details of some of the Discretionary Requirements, as per Part E of Schedule II to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, are as below :

• The Board

The Board of the Company is chaired by an Executive Director.

• Modified opinion(s) in audit report

There was no qualification, observation or adverse remark by the auditors on the financial statements of the Company.

• Reporting of internal auditor

As per the requirements, the internal auditor may report directly to the Audit Committee.

• Confirmation

The Company has fully complied with the Applicable requirements specified under Regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of Sub regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

(xiii) Demat Suspense account/unclaimed suspense account :

None of shares of the company are lying in the demat suspense account or unclaimed suspense account.

(xiv) Reconciliation Share Capital Audit :

The Company Secretary in practice carried out a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit to reconcile the

total admitted equity share capital with the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued/paid-up capital is in agreement with the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.

(xv) Management's Discussion and Analysis Report :

The Management's Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Director's Report.

(xvi) Fees paid/payable to Statutory Auditors :

Fees paid/payable for FY 2021-2022 by the Company to Auditors and their associates for services availed from them is set out in Notes to financial statement, forming part of the Annual Report.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has formulated a comprehensive Risk Management Policy to reduce the inherent risk associated with the business activities of the Company but formation of Risk Management Committee is not applicable as per SEBI Circular dated 17th April, 2014.

9. CODE OF INSIDER TRADING

In pursuance of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, the Board has laid down "Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading" with objective of Preventing purchase and or sale of shares of the company by an insider on the basis of unpublished price sensitive information.

Further the Trading Window has been closed for the Directors and Employees of the Company as per Insider Trading Code in force in the Company. The code of conduct for insider trading is available on the Company's website www.cmsinfotech.com under the head Code of Conduct.

10. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the said code is uploaded on the Company's website www.cmsinfotech.co.in The Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed the compliance with the same for the financial year 2021-2022. A declaration to this effect is given below :

ANNUAL DECLARATION BY MANAGING DIRECTOR ON CODE OF CONDUCT PURSUANT TO PAR A D OF SCHEDULE V OF THE SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015

I, Surendra Kumar Jain, Managing Director of CMS Finvest Limited having its registered office at 10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata - 700 072 hereby declare that, all the members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct, applicable to them as laid down by the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Place : Kolkata

Date: 27.05.2022

For CMS Finvest Limited
Surendra Kumar Jain

Managing Director
DIN : 00166852

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,

The Members of,
M/s. CMS Finvest Limited
 10 Princep Street, 2nd Floor,
 Kolkata - 700072

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of CMS Finvest Limited having CIN L67120WB1991PLC052782 and having registered office at 10 Princep Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata- 700072 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub-clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authorities.

Sl. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1	Shri Surendra Kumar Jain	00166852	27/01/2016
2	Shri Sandeep Dey	00177159	14/03/2001
3	Shri Akshya Kumar Parida	01651737	10/09/2012
4	Shri Kaushal Kumar Singh	03092270	23/04/2019
5	Smt. Krishna Banerjee	06997186	24/03/2015

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Ankita Goenka & Associates
 (Practicing Company Secretaries)

Ankita Goenka

FCS No. : 10572
 C.P. No. : 14204

Place : Kolkata

Date : 31st May,2022

UDIN : F010572D000443202

PEER REVIEW:Certificateno. 2133/2022 dated 20th May, 2022

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

[As required under Para E under Schedule V of the SEBI
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,

The Members of,

M/s. CMS Finvest Limited

10 Princep Street, 2nd Floor,
Kolkata - 700072

We, Ankita Goenka & Associates., Practicing Company Secretaries, the Secretarial Auditor of **CMS Finvest Limited** ("the Company") have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022 as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by company for ensuring the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on financial statements of the company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the directors and the management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID 19 pandemic, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned Listing Regulations as applicable and no investor grievances are pending as on 31st March, 2022 against the Company as per the records maintained by the Company. except that to the extent of following:.

- a) As required under Regulation 46(1), 46(2) and 46(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the website of the company need to be updated during the period under review. The website of the company is presently operational and the company is taking adequate steps for updating the same.
- b) As per Regulation 18 (2) (a) The audit committee shall meet at least four times in a year and not more than one hundred and twenty (120) days shall elapse between two meetings, Gap between the meetings held on June quarter of 2021, was 132 days, With regard to conduct of Audit Committee meeting beyond the prescribed gap of 120 days, it was explained that, as the working of the Company was severely affected due to long Covid-19 Pandemic lockdown, the meeting could be conducted with a marginal delay keeping in view the extension granted by MCA vide its circular date 3rd May, 2021, for holding such meetings from 120 days to 180 days. The matter was suitably explained

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the

For **Ankita Goenka & Associates**
(Practicing Company Secretaries)

Ankita Goenka

FCS No. : 10572

C.P No : 14204

Place : Kolkata

Date : 31st May,2022

UDIN : F010572D000443345

PEER REVIEW:Certificate no. 2133/2022 dated 20th May, 2022

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

[Pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]

We hereby certify that for the financial year, ending 31st March, 2022, on the basis of the review of the financial statements and the cash flow statement and to the best of our knowledge and belief that :-

- a. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and that to the best of their knowledge and belief:
 - i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year ended 31st March, 2022 which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- c. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. We have indicated, based on our most recent evaluation, wherever applicable, to the auditor and audit committee.
 - i. There has not been any significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year under reference.
 - ii. There has not been significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii. We are not aware of any instance during the year of significant fraud with involvement therein, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Surendra Kumar Jain
Managing Director
DIN : 00166852

Goutam Karmakar
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Kolkata

Date: 27.05.2022

Annexure 'IV' to Directors' Report
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Global Economic Overview :

After witnessing significant contraction owing to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, the global economy recovered to a certain extent in 2021. However, the momentum was suddenly halted in Q2 by a deadlier variant of the virus, the impact of which was fortunately short lived. The subsequent recovery was supported by vaccination drives being conducted by governments worldwide, despite repeated attacks of virus mutants in several countries of the world.

Towards the end of Q4 FY 2021-22, geopolitical tensions arising from a prolonged Russia-Ukraine conflict further increased downside risks to global growth by disrupting supply chains. Prices of crude, crude derivatives and other commodity prices have since surged significantly, thereby worsening the already high inflation dynamics of both advanced as well as emerging/developing economies.

Inflation has touched multi-decadal highs in the US and many other advanced countries, accelerating policy tightening measures by Central Banks. Economies are now focusing on stabilising the inflation trajectory, without hurting growth prospects

Indian Economy Overview :

The past two years have been difficult for the Indian economy on account of the COVID-19 pandemic. Repeated waves of infection, supply-chain disruptions and, more recently, inflation have created particularly challenging times. Faced with these challenges, the Government proactively implemented a range of safety measures to protect the vulnerable sections of the society. It places a strong thrust on increase in capital expenditure for infrastructure development to boost medium-term demand and expansion of the economy. India's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is estimated to have grown by 8.7% in FY 2021-22 and growth is expected at 8.2% in FY 2022-23. This implies that the overall economic activity has recovered past the pre-pandemic levels. Growth in the coming year will be driven by widespread vaccine coverage, gains from supplyside reforms and easing of regulations, robust export growth, and availability of fiscal space to ramp up capital spending.

The country is also well poised for a pick-up in private sector investment with the financial system in a good position to provide support to the revival of the economy. Expectations of normal monsoon, abatement of pandemic-related challenges, withdrawal of global liquidity by major central banks, moderate oil prices, and easing of supply chain disruptions will support growth momentum going forward. Despite the disruptions caused by the global pandemic, India's balance of payments remained in surplus throughout the last two years. Among major emerging market economies, Indian markets outperformed its peers in April-December 2021. The year 2021-22 so far has been an exceptional year for the primary markets with a boom in fundraising through IPOs by many new-age companies, tech start-ups, and unicorns. Nearly ₹ 89,066 crore was raised via 75 IPO issues in April- November 2021, much higher than in any year in the previous decade.

Industry Structure and Development - Overview :

NBFC's play a vital role in the context of Indian economy. They are indispensable part in the Indian financial system because they supplement the activities of banks in terms of deposit mobilization and lending. They supplement the role of the banking sector in meeting the increasing financial needs of the corporate sector, delivering the credit to the unorganized sector and to the small local borrowers. NBFC's has flexible structure than banks. Their flexible structure helps in broadening the market by providing the saver and investor a bundle of services on competitive basis.

With virtually all finance company business lines coming under greater competitive pressure, defining strategic initiatives and backing each with the necessary resources has become imperative for success. On the consumer side of the business, the ability to compete in various product offerings often is dictated by operational efficiencies and economies of scale. In this respect NBFC's face problems of high cost of funds

because they lack the nationwide branch network and have a comparatively lower Tier-I and Tier- II capital base.

We witness that NBFC sector, in India are facing stiff competition from different banks and financial institutions. The cost of funds of banks is lower as compared to NBFC's. Not only this, they have a very wide network and huge capital base which makes them more attractive than NBFC's. However as the market is volatile in nature, the long term growth of capital market calls for a matter of concern.

Opportunities, threats, risks and concerns :

Your Company has operations in finance and equity investments. The independent finance industry issues debt and lends the proceeds to individuals (consumer finance companies) and corporations (commercial finance companies) on both a secured and unsecured basis. Unlike the commercial banks, whose deposit-taking ability adds significantly to funding availability, finance companies rely almost exclusively on institutional borrowings and access to the public debt markets for funding. Consequently, the ability to access the short, medium and long-term markets at competitive rates is critical to their ongoing viability. Your company faces tough competition from Nationalized, Foreign and Private Sector Banks due to their inability to grant loans at a considerably low rate of interest.

Your Company is exposed to external and internal risks associated with the business. It is exposed to strong competitive pressures and financial risks from changes in interest rate, economic cycles etc.

There is a major threat coming from Banks. Banks have reduced the rate of interest, this has reduced the spread, thereby reducing the margin. The volatile nature of market also poses another threat. Your Company also faces stiff competition from Nationalized, Foreign and Private Sector Banks as they provide loans at a very low rate of interest.

Risk Management :

The nature of your Company business exposes it to a wide variety of risks and if not managed properly it can affect the workings of the Company. Economic risk is there because any slowdown or recession in the economy has direct impact on the turnover and performance. To manage Interest Rate Risk of the Company is very well within the overall unit of Debt Equity Ratio and cost of borrowing is also very low. Company is also not using short term borrowings to fund long term assets. To manage default risk, most of the customers are repeat customers or referred by existing customers with a good track record who stands as a guarantor mitigating the default risk.

Given the sensitive nature of the sector, funding is closely linked to the overall image of the sector as well as the regulatory environment. Any change in these factors could affect the overall liquidity risk for the Company. Moreover existing banks are moving into retail sector and regional banks like Assamese banks are coming into play, which poses major concern for your Company. The volatility in the market is a matter of concern. However economic parameters being strong will upsurge the economy.

Your Company has a well-defined and prudent business practice and a comprehensive Risk Management Policy to manage this risk. Your Company sees opportunities in the market with existing and new customers. Your Company has dedicated accounts team to focus on each customer. Rising input costs and volatility in material, energy are some of the key challenges that your Company is addressing by specific initiatives for each.

Future Outlook :

Your Company intends to invest in businesses related to infrastructure, telecommunication, software etc. in the coming years since it sees good prospect in these areas. It would definitely try to establish itself and remain as a strong player in the finance industry. With the Capital market expected to be in a better mode than the previous few years and with our efforts we can look forward to a prosperous year for the company.

Again, the need for micro credit by a significant part of the society continues to remain underserved by

thebanks. The scope for Micro Finance Companies to supplement the banking channel remains high.

However this segment also remains a sensitive segment given the profile of the clients, typically from the low-income groups. Hence it is of utmost importance that the NBFC sector deals with clients in a very fair and transparent manner. The recent RBI Regulations in this regard would go a long way in ensuring fair play by NBFCs.

Internal Control Systems and their adequacy :

The Processes are internal control system plays a critical role in the health of the Company. The Company has well defined documented policy guidelines and has an adequate internal control system commensurate with its size and nature of business and suitable internal control procedures that ensures efficiency of operations and safe guard of its assets.

These procedures are designed to ensure :

- That all assets and resources are used efficiently and are adequately protected;
- That all internal policies and statutory guidelines are complied within letter & spirit;
- The accuracy and timing of financial reports and management information.

Material Development in Human Resources/industrial relations front number of people employed :

The Company believes that people are the primary asset and key to the success and growth. Looking after people makes good business sense because, if people are motivated, service excellence will follow. The relations remain cordial throughout the year between employees and the management. Here people work in synergy to contribute towards the achievement of the business objectives. The importance of providing training and development opportunities to our employees is recognized by our Company to enhance their skills and experience, which in turn enables the Company to achieve its business objectives.

Financial and Operational Performance :

Please refer Directors' Report for performance review.

Cautionary Statement :

Statement in the Management's Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's projections estimates, expectations or predictions may be forward looking predictions within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events over which the Company exercises no control. The Company cannot guarantee that these assumptions and expectations are accurate or will be realized. Actual results may differ materially from such estimates, projections, etc. whether expressed or implied.

DISCLOSURES UNDER REGULATION 34(3) READ WITH CLAUSE B OF SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

Sl. No.	Particulars	2021-2022	2020-2021	Reason for Change in Key Financial Ratios
a)	Debtors Turnover	34.62	0.00	The turnover as well as trade receivables have increased. However, the rate of change in trade receivables is quite high as compared to the rate of change in turnover which has resulted in a comparative higher ratio.
b)	Inventory Turnover	0.03	0.00	No Significant Changes
c)	Interest Coverage Ratio	0.00	0.00	NA
d)	Current Ratio	33.74	51.26	The ratio has declined this year due to high change in current liabilities as compared to that of current assets
e)	Debt Equity Ratio	0.03	0.02	No Significant Changes
f)	Operating Profit Margin	0.00	0.00	NA
g)	Net Profit Margin	184.63	0.00	The net profit margin increased significantly which should have led to sharp increase in net profit margin
h)	Return on Net Worth	0.03	0.02	No Significant Change

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**To the Members of
CMS FINVEST LIMITED
Report on the Ind AS standalone Financial Statements**

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of CMS FINVEST LTD which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), statement of changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information of the company (herein after referred to as " Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Ind AS Financial Statement.

Key Audit Matters:

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed and communicated with management in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in the report.

SL. No.	Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
1.	IT systems and controls	
	Financial accounting and reporting processes, especially in the financing activities are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant transaction volumes, hence we identified IT systems and controls over financial reporting as key audit matter for the company.	We tested the operating effectiveness of the company's IT access controls over the information systems that are important to financial reporting and various interfaces, configuration and other identified application controls.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Directors Report including Annexures to Directors' Report, Report on Corporate Governance but does not include the Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Management Discussion and Analysis, Directors' Report including Annexures to Directors' Report and Report on Corporate Governance are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibility of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and other comprehensive income (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act, 2013 and accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the interim consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatement in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We considered quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditors Report) order, 2016 (the Order) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A, a Statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- (d) Except for the matters described in the basis of qualified opinion paragraph aforesaid, in our opinion Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B.
- (g) With respect to the other matter to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the act, as amended -
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be includes in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us :
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations in its financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contact for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amount which were required to be transferred, to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company at the year.
 - iv. (a) The company has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other source or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The company has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity (ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under (a) & (b) above contain any material mis-statement.
 - v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

For Jain Sonu & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regd. No. 324386E

Sonu Jain

Partner

Membership No. 060015

UDIN : 21060015AAAACV3011

Place : Kolkata

Dated: 27th day of May, 2022

ANNEXURE - "A"
TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Referred to Paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statements of CMS FINVEST LIMITED for the year ended 31st March, 2022, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment. There is no Intangible assets in the Company.
- (b) During the year, the Property, Plant and Equipment of the company have been physically verified by the management and no material discrepancies were noticed. As explained by the management all the assets have been physically verified by the management during the year- end which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard the size of the company and the nature of assets.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there are no immovable properties in the Company.
- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company has carried out physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals. As per the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed during such verification.
- (b) The company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits from banks or financial institutions.
- (iii) (a) The Company has not granted any loans or advances, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) As the Company has not given any loans, clauses iii(a), iii(b), iii(c), iii(d), iii (e) and iii (f) of paragraph 3 of 'the order' are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not granted any loans, investments, guarantee and security to any person falling under section 185 and 186 of the companies act, 2013. Thus, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits and therefore the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules formed thereunder are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the product/services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to information and explanation given to us and as per the records of the Company examined by us, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST), cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute of the Company as at 31st March, 2022.

(viii) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on para 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the Company does not have any loan or other borrowing, hence there is no requirement to report under clause (ix)(a) of the Order.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the Company has not been declared will full defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(c) The company has not raised any funds by way of term loan, hence para 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) As no funds have been raised during the year, hence no reporting is required under para 3(ix)(d) of the Order.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on paragraph 3(ix)(e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(x) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the Company has not raised any money during the year by way of further public offer (including debt instruments). Hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information given to us the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures during the year. And hence the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Act and the rules made thereunder are not applicable to the Company.

(xi) Based on the examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.

(xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act wherever applicable.

(xiii) The Company has no internal audit system in place.

(xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xv) (a) The Company was required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has been obtained the registration to carry on the business of a non-banking financial company without accepting public deposits.

(b) As per the information provided to us by the management the company is not a Core Investment Company(CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.(whether it continues to fulfill the criteria or not ?)

(c) As per the information provided to us by the management the company does not have more than one Core Investment Company(CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Investment Company(CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.

(xvi) The company has neither incurred cash losses in the financial year nor in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xvii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.

(xviii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

(xix) As the Company's net worth is less than rupees five hundred crores, turnover is less than Rupees one thousand crores and net profit is less than rupees five crores the Companies is not required to spend towards CSR and as such reporting under this clause is not required.

Place : Kolkata

Dated : 27th day of May, 2022

For **Jain Sonu & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regd. No. 324386E
Sonu Jain
Partner
Membership No. 060015
UDIN : 22060015APKGYW3644

ANNEXURE - "B"**TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT****Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **CMS FINVEST LIMITED** ('the Company') as on 31st March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safe guarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operative effectiveness. Our audit of internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion of the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in responsible detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with authorizations of the Management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future period are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of change in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place : Kolkata
Dated: 27thday of May, 2022

For **Jain Sonu & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regd. No. 324386E
Sonu Jain
Partner
Membership No. 060015
UDIN : 21060015AAAACV3011

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022

	<u>Note</u>	(Amount in Rs.)	
		<u>As at 31st March, 2022</u>	<u>As at 31st March, 2021</u>
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash & Cash equivalents	2	6.66	4.14
Receivable	3		
-Trade Receivables		0.02	1.54
-Other Receivables		-	-
Loans	4	698.55	641.56
Investments	5	87.03	85.24
Other Financial Assets	6	808.14	835.14
Non Financial assets			
Property Plant & equipment	7	0.08	0.13
Deferred Tax Asset(Net)	8	1.64	1.64
Current Tax Asset(Net)	9	70.57	40.35
Total Assets		<u>1,672.69</u>	<u>1,609.74</u>
LIABILITIES & EQUITIES			
Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Other Financial Liabilities	10	8.83	5.45
Non Financial Liabilities			
Provisions	11	38.60	25.13
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	12	1,399.59	1,399.59
Other Equity (Refer Statement of Changes in equity)	13	225.67	179.57
Total Liabilities and Equity		<u>1,672.69</u>	<u>1,609.74</u>

Date: 27.05.2022
Place : Kolkata

As per our Report of even date
For **Jain Sonu & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regd. No. 324386E
UDIN : 22060015APKGYW3644
Sonu Jain
Partner
Membership No. 060015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
For CMS Finvest Limited
Surendra Kumar Jain
Managing Director
DIN : 00166852
Goutam Karmakar
Chief Financial Officer
Nawin Kumar Lahoty
Company Secretary
Sandeep Dey
Director
DIN : 00177159

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

SI. No.	Particulars	Note	(Amount in Rs.)	
			Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
1	Revenue from Operations			
i)	Interest Income	14	65.42	36.56
ii)	Dividend Income	15	0.73	0.00
iii)	Sale of products	16	27.00	-
iv)	Others	17	7.62	3.53
I	Total Revenue from Operations		100.76	40.09
II	Other Income	18	—	—
III	Total Income (I+II)		100.76	40.09
2	Expenses			
v)	Purchases of stock in trade	19	-	-
vi)	Increase/Decrease in Stock In Trade	20	27.00	-
vii)	Employee Benefit Expense	21	3.76	4.28
viii)	Depreciation/Amortisation and Impairment Expense	7	0.05	0.05
ix)	Other Expenses	22	4.29	7.24
IV	Total Expenses		35.11	11.58
V	Profit/(Loss) from Operations before Exceptional Items and Tax (1-2)		65.65	28.51
VI	Exceptional Items		—	—
VII	Profit/Loss before Tax (V-VI)		65.65	28.51
VIII	Tax Expense			
a)	Current Tax		15.80	1.85
b)	Deferred Tax		—	—
X	Net Profit/Loss after Tax (VII-VIII)		49.85	27.66
X	Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)			
Items that will not be re-classified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss (net of tax)			(3.75)	24.10
Items that will be re-classified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss (net of tax)			—	—
X	Total Comprehensive Income (IX+X)		46.10	51.75
XII	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Rs. 10/- each)		1,399.59	1,399.59
XIII	Earnings per equity Share (Basic & Diluted) in Rs. (Not annualised)	31	0.33	0.37

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Jain Sonu & Associates

For CMS Finvest Limited

Chartered Accountants

Surendra Kumar Jain

Firm Regd. No. 324386E

Managing Director

UDIN : 22060015APKGYW3644

DIN : 00166852

Sonu Jain

Goutam Karmakar

Partner

Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 060015

Nawin Kumar Lahoty

Sandeep Dey

Date: 27.05.2022

Company Secretary

Director

Place : Kolkata

DIN : 00177159

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	65.65	28.51
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	0.05	0.05
Interest income	(65.42)	(36.56)
Dividend Income	(0.73)	(0.02)
Net Unrealised fair value gain/loss	(3.75)	24.10
Operating Profit before Working capital changes:	(4.19)	16.08
Movements in Working Capital		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other financial assets	(58.69)	(24.03)
(Increase) in other current assets	-	(2.78)
Increase in trade and other non financial liabilities	16.84	5.68
Cash generated from operations	(46.04)	(5.04)
Income taxes paid	(15.80)	(1.85)
Net cash from operating activities(1)	(61.84)	(6.89)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest Income	65.42	36.56
Dividend Income	0.73	0.02
Proceeds from sale of other intangible assets	-	-
Acquisition of investments	(1.79)	(26.82)
Net cash used in investing activities(2)	64.36	9.76
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of share capital	-	-
Payment of long-term borrowings	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities(3)	-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents(1+2+3)	2.52	2.86
Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of period	4.14	1.28
Cash and Cash equivalents at end of period	6.66	4.14
Cash & Cash Equivalent comprise :		
Cash on hand	5.39	3.01
Balance with banks on current account	1.27	1.13

Date: 27.05.2022 Place : Kolkata	As per our Report of even date	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
	For Jain Sonu & Associates	For CMS Finvest Limited
	Chartered Accountants	Surendra Kumar Jain
	Firm Regd. No. 324386E	Managing Director
	UDIN : 22060015APKGYW3644	DIN : 00166852
	Sonu Jain Partner Membership No. 060015	Goutam Karmakar Chief Financial Officer Nawin Kumar Lahoty Company Secretary
		Sandeep Dey Director DIN : 00177159

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Company Overview

CMS Finvest Limited ("The Company") was incorporated on 21/08/1991 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Registered Office of the Company is at 10, Princep Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata - 700 072. The Company is a Non-systemically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit taking Accepting) Company and is primarily engaged in the business of financing, providing loan.

The equity shares of the Company are listed on The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited.

2. Presentation of Financial statements

The company applies Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) in preparing and presenting general purpose financial statements. It has also followed RBI guidelines and announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2.1 Presentation of True and Fair View and compliance with IND AS

Financial statements present a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company. Presentation of true and fair view requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the Framework. The application of IND AS, with additional disclosure when necessary, is presumed to result in financial statements that present a true and fair view.

Financial statements comply with IND AS explicitly and without any reservation.

2.2 Going concern

The Company prepares its financial statements on a going concern.

2.3 Accrual basis of accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for:

i. Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period; and

2.4 Materiality and aggregation

The Company presents separately each material class of similar items. It presents separately items of a dissimilar nature or function unless they are immaterial except when required by law.

2.5 Offsetting

The Company do not offset assets and liabilities or income and expenses, unless required or permitted by an IND AS.

2.6 Minimum comparative information

Except when IND ASs permit or require otherwise, the company presents comparative information in respect of the preceding period for all amounts reported in the current period's financial statements. It also includes comparative information for narrative and descriptive information if it is relevant to understanding the current period's financial statements.

2.7 Other comprehensive income

Other Comprehensive Income comprises items of income and expenses (including reclassification adjustments) that are not recognised in profit or loss as required or permitted by other IND AS. The components of other comprehensive income include: (a) changes in revaluation surplus; (b)

reameasurements of defined benefit plans; gains and losses from investments in equity instruments designated at fair value.

2.8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

In the absence of an IND AS that specifically applies to a transaction, other event or condition, management shall use its judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is: (a) relevant to the economic decision-making needs of users; and (b) reliable, in that the financial statements: (i) represent faithfully the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity; (ii) reflect the economic substance of transactions, other events and conditions, and not merely the legal form; (iii) are neutral, i.e. free from bias; (iv) are prudent; and (v) are complete in all material respects.

i) Changes in accounting policies

The Company will change an accounting policy only if the change: (a) is required by an IND AS; or (b) results in the financial statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, financial performance or cash flows.

The Company has corrected all material prior period errors retrospectively in the first set of financial statements approved for issue after their discovery by: (a) restating the comparative amounts for the prior period(s) presented in which the error occurred; or (b) if the error occurred before the earliest prior period presented, restating the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest prior period presented.

ii) Events after the Reporting Period

The Company will adjust the amounts recognised in its financial statements to reflect adjusting events after the reporting period. The Company will not adjust the amounts recognised in its financial statements to reflect non-adjusting events after the reporting period. If the company declares dividends to holders of equity instruments after the reporting period, it will not recognise those dividends as a liability at the end of the reporting period. If the company receives information after the reporting period about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, it shall update disclosures that relate to those conditions, in the light of the new information. If non-adjusting events after the reporting period are material, non-disclosure could influence the economic decisions that users make on the basis of the financial statements. Accordingly, it will disclose the following for each material category of non-adjusting event after the reporting period: (a) the nature of the event; and (b) an estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made.

iii) Related Party Disclosures

To enable users of financial statements to form a view about the effects of related party relationships with the company, it is appropriate to disclose the related party relationship when director(s) exercise significant influence, irrespective of whether there have been transactions between the related parties.

iv) Cash Flow Statement

The statement of cash flows is reported during the period classified by operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit or loss is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows. Major classes of gross cash receipts and gross cash payments arising from investing and financing activities are reported separately. Cash flows arising from interest paid and interest and dividends received is classified as cash flows arising from operating activities.

Dividends paid are classified as cash flows from financing activities. Cash flows arising from taxes on

income is separately disclosed and is classified as cash flows from operating activities unless they can be specifically identified with financing and investing activities.

v) Measurement of Fair Values.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Disclosure is given for assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis in the balance sheet after initial recognition, the valuation techniques and inputs used to develop those measurements and for recurring fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, the effect of the measurements on profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the period.

vi) Inventories

Inventories shall be measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

The cost of inventories shall be assigned by using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) or weighted average cost formula. Same cost formula for all inventories having a similar nature and use to the entity has been used.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

vii) Revenue Recognition.

Revenue will be recognised when the parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations; each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred is identified; payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred is identified; the contract has commercial substance; and it is probable that the company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, company shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay that amount of consideration when it is due. The amount of consideration to which company will be entitled may be less than the price stated in the contract if the consideration is variable because the company may offer the customer a price concession.

The company shall recognise revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when the customer obtains control of that asset.

When a performance obligation is satisfied, company shall recognise as revenue the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to that performance obligation.

The company shall consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts, or both.

A gain or loss on a financial asset or financial liability that is measured at fair value shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when :(a) the company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established;(b) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company; and (c) The amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

viii) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if: (a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company; and (b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Under the recognition principle , an entity recognises in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met.

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies for recognition as an asset shall be measured at its cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises: (a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.(b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After recognition as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment shall be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item shall be depreciated separately. The depreciation charge for each period shall be recognised in profit or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset. The depreciable amount of an asset shall be allocated on a systematic basis over its useful life. The residual value and the useful life of an asset shall be reviewed at least at each financial year-end and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change(s) shall be accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with IND AS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. The depreciation method used reflects the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the entity. The depreciation method applied to an asset is reviewed at least at each financial year-end and, if there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset, the method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such a change shall be accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with Ind AS 8.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised : (a) on disposal; or (b) when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or losses arising from derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.

Depreciation is recognised to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the Straight Line method.

ix) Investment Property

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when and only when: (a) it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the company; and (b) the cost of the investment property can be measured reliably. An investment property shall be measured initially at its cost.

Transaction costs shall be included in the initial measurement. The cost of a purchased investment property comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. After initial recognition, an entity shall measure all of its investment properties in accordance with IND AS 16's requirements for cost model, other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale (or are included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with IND AS 105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Investment properties that meet the criteria to be classified as

held for sale (or are included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) shall be measured in accordance with IND AS 105. An investment property shall be derecognised (eliminated from the balance sheet) on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property shall be determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and shall be recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is provided on straight line value method by adopting useful life of 30 years in the case of Building (other than Building) other than RCC Frame structure as prescribed under schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 after retaining 5% of Original cost as residual value for Buildings.

The fair value of investment property is being determined by property valuer, having recognised qualifications and experience. However if the Investment property is disposed off during the reporting period, the Sale Price not being less than valuation as per Registry office on which stamp duty is being calculated and paid off as per the Registered Sales deed is treated as fair value.

x) Impairment of Assets

Company shall assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company shall estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. If, and only if, the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss. After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

xi) Financial Instrument

Recognition and derecognition

The Company recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its balance sheet when, and only when, it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting.

The company will derecognise a financial asset when and only when: (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or (b) it transfers the financial asset as set out below and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

- (i) An entity transfers a financial asset if, and only if, it either: (a) transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, or (b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement that meets the conditions.
- (ii) When the company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), the company treats the transaction as a transfer of a financial asset if, and only if, all of the conditions are met like:(a) The entity has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it collects equivalent amounts from the original asset. Short-term advances by the company with the right of full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates do not violate this condition.(b) The company is prohibited by the terms of the transfer contract from selling or pledging the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients for the obligation to pay them cash flows.(c) The company has an obligation to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the entity is not entitled to reinvest

such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents during the short settlement period from the collection date to the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients, and interest earned on such investments is passed to the eventual recipients.

- (iii) Whenever the company transfers a financial asset it evaluates the extent to which it retains the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In this case: (a) if the company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the company derecognises the financial asset and recognise separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer. (b) If the company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, it will continue to recognise the financial asset. (c) If the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the company determines whether it has retained control of the financial asset.

In this case : (i) If the company has not retained control, it shall derecognise the financial asset and recognise separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer. (ii) If the company has retained control, it shall continue to recognise the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Transfers that qualify for derecognition

- (i) When the company transfers a financial asset in a transfer that qualifies for derecognition in its entirety and retains the right to service the financial asset for a fee, it recognises either a servicing asset or a servicing liability for that servicing contract. If the fee to be received is not expected to compensate the company adequately for performing the servicing, a servicing liability for the servicing obligation is recognised at its fair value. If the fee to be received is expected to be more than adequate compensation for the servicing, a servicing asset shall be recognised for the servicing right at an amount determined on the basis of an allocation of the carrying amount of the larger financial asset as stated in (iv) below.
- (ii) If, as a result of a transfer, a financial asset is derecognised in its entirety but the transfer results in the entity obtaining a new financial asset or assuming a new financial liability, or a servicing liability, the company recognises the new financial asset, financial liability or servicing liability at fair value.
- (iii) On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between: (a) the carrying amount (measured at the date of derecognition) and (b) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.
- (iv) If the transferred asset is part of a larger financial asset (e.g. when the company transfers interest cash flows that are part of a debt instrument, and the part transferred qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the previous carrying amount of the larger financial asset shall be allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is derecognised, on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. For this purpose, a retained servicing asset shall be treated as a part that continues to be recognised. The difference between: (a) the carrying amount (measured at the date of derecognition) allocated to the part derecognised and (b) the consideration received for the part derecognised (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Transfers that do not qualify for derecognition

If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the entity has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the entity shall continue to recognise the transferred asset in its entirety and shall recognise a financial liability for the consideration received. In subsequent periods, the entity shall recognise any income on the transferred asset and any expense incurred on the financial liability.

Continuing involvement in transferred assets

When the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred asset, and retains control of the transferred asset, the company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

An entity shall remove a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from its balance sheet when, and only when, it is extinguished-i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Classification of financial assets

The Company will classify financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both: (a) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met: (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Classification of financial liabilities

An entity shall classify all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

xii) Non-Performing Assets & Write-off Policy

The company shall directly reduce the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the entity has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Identification of Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) is being done as per the guidelines of Master Direction- Non Banking Financial Company -Non -Systemically Important Non- Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. The company is writing off NPAs in its books of accounts every year.

xiii) Measurement of expected credit losses

The company has measured expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects :(a) an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;(b) the time value of money; and(c) reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

xiv) Investments in equity instruments

At initial recognition, the company makes an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of this Standard that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IND AS103 applies. Once it makes this election, it shall recognise in profit or loss dividends from that investment.

xv) Borrowing Cost

The company will capitalise borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. It recognises other borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which it incurs them. To the extent that it borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, it will determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investment of those borrowings. To the extent that it borrows funds generally and uses them for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, it will determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation

by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate shall be the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the company that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing costs that company capitalises during a period shall not exceed the amount of borrowing costs it incurred during that period. The company will begin capitalising borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset on the commencement date. The commencement date for capitalisation is the date when it first meets all of the following conditions: (a) it incurs expenditures for the asset; (b) it incurs borrowing costs; and (c) it undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. It will suspend capitalisation of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset. It will cease capitalising borrowing costs when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

xvi) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision shall be recognised when:

- (a) The company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- (b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround many events and circumstances shall be taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. Provisions is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Unless the possibility of any outflow in settlement is remote, the company will disclose for each class of contingent liability at the end of the reporting period a brief description of the nature of the contingent liability and, where practicable:

- (a) An estimate of its financial effect,
- (b) An indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow; and (c) the possibility of any reimbursement.

Where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, the company will disclose a brief description of the nature of the contingent assets at the end of the reporting period, and, where practicable, an estimate of their financial effect.

xvii) Earnings per Share

The company will calculate basic earnings per share amounts for profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders and, if presented, profit or loss from continuing operations attributable to those equity holders. Basic earnings per share shall be calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders (the numerator) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (the denominator) during the period. The objective of basic earnings per share information is to provide a measure of the interests of each ordinary share in the performance of the company over the reporting period.

If the number of ordinary or potential ordinary shares outstanding increases as a result of a capitalisation, bonus issue or share split, or decreases as a result of a reverse share split, the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for all periods presented shall be adjusted retrospectively. If these changes occur after the reporting period but before the financial statements are approved for issue, the per share calculations

for those and any prior period financial statements presented shall be based on the new number of shares. The fact that per share calculations reflect such changes in the number of shares shall be disclosed. In addition, basic and diluted earnings per share of all periods presented shall be adjusted for the effects of errors and adjustments resulting from changes in accounting policies accounted for retrospectively.

The company will present in the statement of profit and loss basic and diluted earnings per share for profit or loss from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders and for profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders for the period for each class of ordinary shares that has a different right to share in profit for the period. It will present basic and diluted earnings per share with equal prominence for all periods presented. It will present basic and diluted earnings per share, even if the amounts are negative (ie a loss per share).

xviii) Employee Benefits.

Short-term employee benefits include items such as the following, if expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related services: (a) wages, salaries and social security contributions; (b) paid leave; (c) bonuses; and (d) non-monetary benefits if any for current employees. When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, it recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service: (a) as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, it recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.(b) as an expense. It will recognise the expected cost of bonus payments only when: (a) it has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past events; and (b) a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

A present obligation exists when, and only when, the entity has no realistic alternative but to make the payments.

Post-employment benefits include items such as the following: (a) retirement benefits (lump sum payments on retirement i.e. gratuity); and (b) other post-employment benefits, such as leave encashment, terminal benefits. Arrangements whereby company provides post-employment benefits are post-employment benefit plans. It applies this Standard to all such arrangements whether or not they involve the establishment of a separate entity to receive contributions and to pay benefits.

Post-employment benefit plans are classified as either defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans, depending on the economic substance of the plan as derived from its principal terms and conditions.

Under defined contribution plans the company's legal or constructive obligation is limited to the amount that it agrees to contribute to the fund. Thus, the amount of the post-employment benefits received by the employee is determined by the amount of contributions paid by the company (and perhaps also the employee) to a post-employment benefit plan or to an insurance company, together with investment returns arising from the contributions. In consequence, actuarial risk (that benefits will be less than expected) and investment risk (that assets invested will be insufficient to meet expected benefits) fall, in substance, on the employee. The company may pay insurance premiums to fund a postemployment benefit plan. The entity shall treat such a plan as a defined contribution plan unless the entity will have (either directly, or indirectly through the plan) a legal or constructive obligation either: (a) to pay the employee benefits directly when they fall due; or (b) to pay further amounts if the insurer does not pay all future employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. If it retains such a legal or constructive obligation, it shall treat the plan as a defined benefit plan.

When an employee has rendered service to the company during a period, it shall recognise the contribution

payable to a defined contribution plan in exchange for that service: (a) as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for service before the end of the reporting period, an entity shall recognise that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or cash refund. (b) as an expense. When contributions to a defined contribution plan are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, they shall be discounted using the discount rate.

Accounting by an entity for defined benefit plans involves the following steps: (a) determining the deficit or surplus. (b) Determining the amount of the net defined benefit liability (asset). (c) Determining amounts to be recognised in profit or loss : (i) current service cost (ii) any past service cost and gain or loss on settlement (iii) net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset). (d) Determining the remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability (asset), to be recognised in other comprehensive income, comprising: (i) actuarial gains and losses; (ii) return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset); and (iii) any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset).

The company will account not only for its legal obligation under the formal terms of a defined benefit plan, but also for any constructive obligation that arises from its informal practices. Informal practices give rise to a constructive obligation where it has no realistic alternative but to pay employee benefits.

The company recognises the net defined benefit liability (asset) in the balance sheet. When the company has a surplus in a defined benefit plan, it shall measure the net defined benefit asset at the lower of: (a) the surplus in the defined benefit plan; and (b) the asset ceiling, determined using the discount rate

The company uses the projected unit credit method to determine the present value of its defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost.

xix) Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets are the amounts of income taxes recoverable in future periods in respect of: (a) deductible temporary differences; (b) the carry forward of unused tax losses; and (c) the carry forward of unused tax credits.

Current tax for current and prior periods shall, to the extent unpaid, be recognised as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess shall be recognised as an asset.

A deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from: (a) the initial recognition of goodwill; or (b) the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which: (i) is not a business combination; and (ii) at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Temporary differences also arise when assets are revalued and no equivalent adjustment is made for tax purposes. Ind ASs permits or requires certain assets to be carried at fair value or to be revalued. The difference between the carrying amount of a revalued asset and its tax base is a temporary difference and gives rise to a deferred tax liability or asset.

A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Current tax liabilities (assets) for the current and prior periods is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities is measured at the

tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. When different tax rates apply to different levels of taxable income, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the average rates that are expected to apply to the taxable profit (tax loss) of the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Current tax and deferred tax shall be recognised outside profit or loss if the tax relates to items that are recognised, in the same or a different period, outside profit or loss. Therefore, current tax and deferred tax that relates to items that are recognised, in the same or a different period: (a) in other comprehensive income, shall be recognised in other comprehensive income (b) directly in equity, shall be recognised directly in equity.

xx) IND AS 101 First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards

The company shall use the same accounting policies in its opening IND AS Balance Sheet and throughout all periods presented in its first IND AS financial statements. Those accounting policies shall comply with each IND AS effective at the end of its first IND AS reporting period, except as specified below:

The accounting policies that an entity uses in its opening IND AS Balance Sheet may differ from those that it used for the same date using its previous GAAP. The resulting adjustments arise from events and transactions before the date of transition to IND ASs. Therefore, the company will recognise those adjustments directly in retained earnings (or, if appropriate, another category of equity) at the date of transition to IND ASs.

xxi) Mandatory Exemptions adopted by the Company

i. De recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company shall apply the derecognition requirements in IND AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to IND ASs.

ii. Classification and measurement of financial assets The Company shall assess whether a financial asset meets the conditions of IND AS 109 on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to IND AS.

iii. Impairment of financial assets The Company shall apply the impairment requirements of IND AS 109 retrospectively subject to exemptions provided in IND AS 101

xxii) Optional Exemptions Availed by the Company

Deemed cost

The Company elects to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to IND ASs, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition. Hence, no further adjustments to the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment so determined in the opening balance sheet shall be made for transition adjustments that might arise from the application of other IND ASs. This option is also be availed for intangible assets covered by IND AS 38, Intangible Assets and investment property covered by IND AS 40, Investment Property.

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. Basis of preparation and presentation :

(i) The financial statements are prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspect with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 (the Act) read along with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by Companies (Indian Accounting Standards Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provision of the Act.

Fair value measurements under Ind AS are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

(ii) All the amounts included in Financial Statements are reported in Indian Rupees.

24. Estimation of Uncertainties relating to the Global Health Pandemic from COVID - 19 ("Covid - 19")

The Company continues its policy of work from home to ensure business continuity in the wake of pandemic caused by COVID-19

25. Use of estimates & Judgments

On assessment of the estimates made under the Previous GAAP financial statements, the Company has concluded that there is no necessity to revise the estimates under IND AS, as there is no objective evidence of an error in those estimates. However, estimates that were required under IND AS but not required under Previous GAAP are made by the Company for the relevant reporting dates reflecting conditions existing as at that date.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IND AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The actual results may differ from these estimates. The Company's management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

26. Reconciliation between previous GAAP & Ind AS :-

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for prior period. The following table represents the reconciliation from previous GAAP to Ind AS.

Reconciliation of Equity Fund between Indian GAAP & IND AS:-

Particulars	Rs. in Amount For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Net Owned Fund as per Indian GAAP	1270.77
Provision written back	
Other Comprehensive Income towards fair value of Non current Investment	16.45
Net owned Fund as per IND AS	1287.22

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL PROFIT BETWEEN INDIAN GAAP & IND AS

Rs. in Amount

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Net Profit as per Indian GAAP	27.66
Ind AS Adjustments	
Net Profit after Tax as per IND AS	27.66
Other Comprehensive Income Net off Tax	24.10
Total Comprehensive Income	51.76

27. Earning in foreign exchange and expenditure in foreign currency - NIL
28. Since the Company has operated only in one segment, i.e fund based activities, provision related to Segment Wise Report as per Ind AS are not applicable to the Company.
29. There have been no events after the reporting date that require disclosure in these financial statements.
30. Valuation of Inventories of unquoted equity shares has been done at cost, as the fair value of the unquoted equity shares are not available.

31. Earning Per Share

Calculation of weighted Average Number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each

Rs. in Amount

Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (excluding shares forfeited)	1,39,95,900	1,39,95,900
Shares issued during the year	-	-
Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,39,95,900	1,39,95,900
Total Comprehensive Income available for equity shares (₹)	46.10	51.75
Basic and diluted Earnings per share (₹)	0.33	0.37

32. Previous Year Figures have been regrouped/rearranged/reclassified according to the requirement of IND-AS wherever necessary and rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

33. Information relating to Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs):

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I) The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year Principal Interest	—
II) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year Principal Interest	—
III) The amount of interest due & payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006	—
IV) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year	—
V) The amount of further interest remaining due & payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest due above are actually paid to the Small Enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006.	—

The above particulars, as applicable, have been given in respect of MSEs. No party could be identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

<u>Particulars</u>	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
NOTE 2 : Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Cash in Hand	5.39	3.01
Balance with Banks		
On Current Account	1.27	1.13
TOTAL	6.66	4.14

NOTE 3: Receivables**Trade Receivables :**

Secured Considered good		
Unsecured Considered good	0.02	1.54
Less impairment loss on the above		
Sub total Trade Receivable	0.02	1.54
Other Receivable:		
Unsecured Considered good:		
Less impairment loss on the above	-	-
Sub total Other Receivable	-	-
TOTAL	0.02	1.54

NOTE 4 : LOANS (at Amortised Cost)

Loans to Bodies Corporate & Individual	698.55	641.56
Less: Impairment loss on the above	-	-
Total Loans - Net	698.55	641.56
Of the above		
Secured by tangible assets		
Unsecured	698.55	641.56
Total Loans - Gross		
Less: Impairment loss on the above		
Total Loans - Net	698.55	641.56
Of the above		
Public Sector		
Others	698.55	641.56
Less: Impairment loss on the above		
Total Loans - Net	698.55	641.56

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

(Amount in Rs.)

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>As at 31st March, 2022</u>	<u>As at 31st March, 2021</u>
NOTE 5:Investment		
At fair value designated through other Comprehensive Income		
Equity Instruments (quoted)		
475000 Shares of Amluckie Investment Co. Ltd.	0.01	0.01
25000 Shares of Ashika Credit Capital Ltd.	9.35	9.89
1100 Shares of ATN International Ltd.	0.00	0.00
2000 Shares Bhansali Engg Polymer Ltd	2.14	-
127000 Shares of Blue Chip India Ltd.	0.61	0.48
255000 Shares of Blue Circle Services Ltd.	24.84	24.84
7000 Shares of Central Bank of India	1.28	1.14
87000 Shares of Concourse information Tech Intl Ltd.	9.17	9.17
2800 Shares of Gujrat Opticals Communication Ltd.	0.05	0.02
2000 Shares of Helios & Mathinetech Ltd.	0.18	0.18
10900 Shares of Herald Commerce Ltd.	0.38	0.89
25000 Shares of Hindusthan Unilever Ltd	0.51	-
3000 Shares of IDBI Bank Ltd,	1.28	1.93
188 Shares of Indage Vinters Ltd.	0.03	0.03
1000 Shares of Indiabulls Realestate Ltd	1.01	-
1300 Shares of India Nivesh Ltd.	0.23	0.12
2000 Shares of Infibeam Avenue Ltd.	-	0.95
1000 Shares of Jamna Auto Industries Ltd.	-	0.68
750 Shares of Kopran Ltd	7.36	-
3000 Shares of Lanco Infratech Ltd.	0.01	0.01
171000 Shares of LCC Infotech Ltd.	4.36	9.18
1030 Shares of Manglam India Ltd.	0.02	0.20
700 Shares of Midland Plastic Ltd.	0.03	0.03
1500 Shares of NMDC Ltd	2.44	-
1500 Shares of Onmobile Global Ltd	1.72	-
4000 Shares of Petronet LNG Ltd	7.73	-
4000 Shares of Prakash Industries Ltd	3.05	-
178000 Shares of Parsvnath Developers Ltd.	-	15.15
500 Shares of Rattanindia Power Ltd.	0.03	0.01
300 Shares of Reliance Ltd.	-	3.30
13700 Shares of Sapience Industries Ltd.	4.85	4.80
1682500 Shares of Silicon Valley Infotech Ltd.	0.50	0.50
39 Shares of Spencers Retail Ltd.	0.03	0.03
1000 Shares of Steel Authority Ltd	0.99	-
38 Shares of TCS	1.42	-
4100 Shares of Twenty First Century India Ltd.	0.08	0.42
3000 Shares of Warner Multimedia Ltd.	0.03	0.03
	85.71	83.97
Mutual Fund		
Reliance Liquid Fund	1.32	1.27
TOTAL	87.03	85.24

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

(Amount in Rs.)

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>As at 31st March, 2022</u>	<u>As at 31st March, 2021</u>
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NOTE 6 : Other Financial Asset

Stock-in-trade (in respect of goods aquired for trading) :

Stock of Shares & Securities	808.14	835.14
TOTAL	808.14	835.14

NOTE 7 : Property, Plant and Equipment (owned)

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>Computer</u>	<u>Total</u>
GROSS BLOCK AT DEEMED COST		
As at 01.04.2020	0.96	0.96
Additions	-	-
Deductions (sale)	-	-
As at 31.03.2021	0.96	0.96
DEPRECIATION		
Upto 31.03.2020	0.78	0.78
Additions	0.05	0.05
Deductions	-	-
Upto 31.03.2021	0.83	0.83
GROSS BLOCK AT COST		
As at 31.03.2021	0.96	0.96
Additions	-	-
Deductions	-	-
As at 31.03.2022	0.96	0.96
DEPRECIATION		
Upto 31.03.2021	0.83	0.83
Additions	0.05	0.05
Deductions	-	-
Upto 31.12.2022	0.89	0.89
CARRYING VALUE		
As at 31.03.2022	0.08	0.08
As at 31.03.2021	0.13	0.13

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

<u>Particulars</u>	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
NOTE 8: Deferred Tax Assets (Net)		
Deferred Tax assets	1.64	1.64
TOTAL	1.64	1.64
NOTE 9: Other Non Financial Asset		
Balance with Govt Authorities	70.57	40.35
TOTAL	70.57	40.35
NOTE 10 Other Financial Liabilities		
Liabilities for Expenses	8.83	5.45
Total	8.83	5.45
NOTE 11 Provision		
Provision for tax	38.60	25.13
Total	38.60	25.13
NOTE 14: Interest Income		
Interest on Loan	65.42	36.56
Total	65.42	36.56
NOTE 15: Dividend		
Dividend on Shares	0.73	0.00
Total	0.73	0.00
NOTE 16: Sale of Products		
Sale of equity Shares	27.00	-
Total	27.00	-

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

<u>Particulars</u>	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021

NOTE 17: Others

Profit on sale of Investment - LTCG	4.67	3.53
Profit on sale of Investment - STCG	2.95	-
Total	7.62	3.53

NOTE 18: Other Income

Income from Earlier year	-	-
Total	-	-

NOTE 19: Purchase of Stock in Trade

Purchase of Shares & Securities	-	-
Total	-	-

NOTE 20: Changes in Inventories of Stock In Trade

Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Stock of Shares & Securities	835.14	835.14
A	835.14	835.14
Inventories at the end of the year		
Stock of Shares & Securities	808.14	835.14
B	808.14	835.14
(Increase)/Decrease in Stocks	(A-B)	27.00

NOTE 21 : EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES**Salaries, Wages,Bonus & allowances**

Directors and employees	3.76	4.28
Total	3.76	4.28

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NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

<u>Particulars</u>	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
NOTE 22 : OTHER EXPENSES		
Advertisement	0.49	0.72
AGM Meeting Charges	0.24	0.12
Audit fees	0.18	0.18
Bank Charges	0.00	0.01
Custodian Charges	0.01	0.54
Demat Charges	0.00	0.00
Filling Fees	0.04	0.04
Interest on Listing Fees	-	0.53
Internal Audit Fees	0.10	0.10
Issuer Fees	0.27	-
Legal Charges	0.25	0.84
Listing Fees	-	3.14
Long Term Capital Loss	0.91	-
Loss on Sale of Investment	-	0.02
Misc Expenses	-	0.10
Printing & Stationery	0.16	0.08
Professional charges	0.29	0.29
Rates & Taxes	0.10	-
Repaire & Maintenance Charges	0.05	-
Revocation Fees	-	0.24
Share Register and other transfer Charges	0.66	0.29
Share Trading & Statutory Expenses	0.06	-
Short Term Capital Loss	0.41	-
Travelling Expenses	0.07	-
Total	4.29	7.24

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)**NOTE 12 & 13 : Statement of Changes in Equity****(a) Equity Share Capital**

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
Balance as at 1st April 2020	1,399.59
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March 2021	1,399.59
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Quarter	-
Balance as at 31st March 2022	1,399.59

(b) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus				Total
	Security Premium Account	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	OCI	
Balance as on 1st April 2020	165.59	40.07	(36.29)	(40.54)	128.82
Change in accounting policy and prior period error		-	26.66	24.10	50.75
Addition			-	-	-
Less					
Restated Balance as at 31st March 2021	165.59	40.07	(9.63)	(16.45)	179.57
Addition	-	-	49.85	(3.75)	46.10
Less	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at 31st March 2022	165.59	40.07	40.21	(20.20)	225.67

NOTES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

The revenue of the Company has impacted. Considering the fact that the situation is exceptional and is changing dynamically, the Company is not in a position to gauge with certainty, the future impact on its operations.

24. Reconciliation between previous GAAP & Ind AS :-

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for prior period. The following table represents the reconciliation from previous GAAP to Ind AS.

Reconciliation of Equity Fund between Indian GAAP & IND AS :-

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
As on 31st March, 2020	
Net Owned Fund as per Indian GAAP	155958216
Other Comprehensive Income towards fair value of Non current Investment	(627666)
Net owned Fund as per IND AS	155330550

Reconciliation of total profit between Indian GAAP & IND AS :-

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
For the year ended 31st March, 2020	
Net Profit as per Indian GAAP	9368707
Ind AS Adjustments	-
Net Profit after Tax as per IND AS	936870
Other Comprehensive Income Net off Tax	(3426641)
Total Comprehensive Income	(2489771)

NOTE 25 : OTHER NOTES**1. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (IND AS-108)**

As the Company is engaged in only one segment that is trading in shares and securities, The disclosure requirement of Ind AS-108 is not applicable to it. Futher the company is operating only in India hence additional information under geographical segments is not applicable to it. The MD of the company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker(CODM). He also monitors the operating results as one single segment for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment and hence there are no additional disclosures to be provided other than those that are already provided.

- As required by the notification number GSR 719(E) dated 16th November 2007 issued by the Government Of India, Ministry Of Corporate Affairs there are no MSME enterprises as per the MSME Act,2006 to whom the company owes any amount at the date of Balance Sheet. The above information regarding MSME has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of Information available with the Company.

3 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE(IND AS-24)

A Key Managerial Person	Designation
Surendra Kumar Jain	Managing Director
Sandeep Dey	Director
Akshya Kumar Parida	Director
Kaushal Kumar Singh	Director
Krishna Banerjee	Director
Goutam Karmakar	CFO
Nawin Kumar Lahoty	Company Secretary

B Enterprise over which Company has Significant Influence

SL.No.	PARTICULARS	OPENING BALANCE		DURING THE PERIOD		CLOSING BALANCE	
		Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
1	Amluckie Investment Co Ltd	-	-	0.70	0.50	0.20	-
2	Arissan Energy Ltd	-	-	-	0.27		0.27
3	Gouri Merchandise Pvt Ltd	-	-	-	0.30		0.30
4	Herald Commerce Ltd	-	-	0.60	-	0.60	-
5	Kanupriya Commercial Pvt Ltd	-	-	-	2.15		2.15
6	Manglam India Ltd	-	-	0.35	-	0.35	-
7	Niharika India Ltd	5.00	-	-	0.40	4.60	-
8	Super Laces Pvt Ltd.	0.20	-	1.00	1.00	0.20	-
9	Turnkey Infrastructures Pvt Ltd	-	0.25	-	0.20	-	0.45
TOTAL		5.20	0.25	2.65	4.82	5.95	3.17

C Transaction With Related Parties

SL.No.	Related Party	Nature of Transaction	Value of Transactions
1	Goutam Karmakar	Remuneration and Other Benefits	0.90
2	Nawin Kumar Lahoty	Remuneration and Other Benefits	0.36

Annexure - II

Schedule to the Balance Sheet of a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company

(as required in terms of paragraph 13 on Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007)

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount Outstanding	Amount Overdue
LIABILITIES SIDE :		
1. Loans and advances availed by the non-banking financial company inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid :		
(a) Debentures : Secured	NIL	NIL
Unsecured	NIL	NIL
(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)		
(b) Deferred Credits	NIL	NIL
(c) Term Loans	NIL	NIL
(d) Inter-corporate Loans and Borrowings	NIL	NIL
(e) Commercial Paper	NIL	NIL
(f) Other Loans (specify nature)	NIL	NIL
*Please see Note 1 below		
ASSETS SIDE :		
	Amount Outstanding	
2. Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below) :		
(a) Secured	NIL	
(b) Unsecured	NIL	
3. Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities :		
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :		
(a) Financial Lease	NIL	
(b) Operating Lease	NIL	
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors :		
(a) Assets on hire	NIL	
(b) Repossessed Assets	NIL	
(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities :		
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	NIL	
(b) Loans other than (a) above	NIL	

Particulars	Amount Outstanding
4. Break-up of Investments :	
Current Investments :	
1. Quoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity	85.71
(b) Preference	NIL
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	NIL
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	1.32
(iv) Government Securities	NIL
(v) Others (Please specify)	NIL
2. Un-Quoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity	NIL
(b) Preference	NIL
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	NIL
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	NIL
(iv) Government Securities	NIL
(v) Others (Please specify)	NIL
Long Term Investments :	
1. Quoted :	
(i) Shares (a) Equity	NIL
(b) Preference	NIL
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	NIL
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	NIL
(iv) Government Securities	NIL
(v) Others (Please specify)	NIL
2. Un-Quoted :	
(i) Shares (a) Equity	NIL
(b) Preference	NIL
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	NIL
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	NIL
(iv) Government Securities	NIL
(v) Others (Please specify)	NIL

5. Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above :

Please see Note 2 below

Category	Amount net of provisions		
	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1. Related Parties**			
(a) Subsidiaries	NIL	NIL	NIL
(b) Companies in the same group	NIL	NIL	NIL
(c) Other related parties	NIL	NIL	NIL
2. Other than related parties	NIL	698.55	698.55
Total	NIL	698.55	698.55

6. Investor group-wise classification of all investments (Current and Long Term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted) :

Please see Note 3 below

Category	Market Value/Break-up or Fair Value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)
1. Related Parties**		
(a) Subsidiaries	NIL	NIL
(b) Companies in the same group	NIL	NIL
(c) Other related parties	NIL	NIL
2. Other than related parties	NIL	NIL
Total	NIL	NIL

** As per Accounting Standard of ICAI (Please see Note 3).

7. Other Information :

Particulars	Amount
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related Parties	NIL
(b) Other than related parties	NIL
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related Parties	NIL
(b) Other than related parties	NIL
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	NIL

Notes :

- As defined in paragraph 2(1)(xii) of Non-Banking Financial Companies Acceptance of Public Deposits (Reserve Bank) Directions, 1998.
- Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in Non-Banking Financial (Non -Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007
- All Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up/fair value /NAV in respect of unquoted investments should be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current in (4) above.

CMS FINVEST LIMITED

(Formerly known as : CMS INFOTECH LIMITED)

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